DECEMBER, 1784. THE NUMB. 2844.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1784.

PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, *December* 1st, 1784.

IN COUNCIL.

The following Examination of BENJAMIN JOHNSTON, being received by his Excellency the President, from Paul Phipps, Esq; of Kingston in Jamaica, and read in Council—It was ordered that the same be immediately published.

Extract from the Minutes,
JAMES TRIMBLE, for
JOHN ARMSTRONG, jun. Secr'y.

Kingston, Jamaica, ss.

The free and voluntary Examination and Confession of BENJAMIN JOHNSTON, of the Parish of Kingston, Mariner, taken before us this thirty-first day of October, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

THIS examinant saith, that he was born on the banks of Potomack river, in Virginia. Saith, that some time in June last, one Maurice Caton, Joseph Twentyman and James Hughes, came to examinant's house, and remained in his house about a fortnight, to the best of his recollection.——Saith, that Maurice Caton proposed to examinant and Joseph Twentyman, to go on board a schooner, called the Friends or Friendship, then lying in Elizabeth river, in Virginia, commanded by William Lewis, and then ready to sail for St. Thomas's. That it was agreed between them to go on board the said schooner, and take their passage for the island of St. Thomas's aforesaid. That accordingly they all embarked on board, and agreed with Captain Lewis for a passage in the said vessel; and about four or five days after the said vessel had sailed with this examinant and the said Caton, Twentyman and Hughes on board, the said Caton, in the evening of a day this examinant does not now recollect, but believes the same to be about the twenty-first or twenty-second day of the said month of June, went up to the Mate of the said schooner, (whose surname is Chadwick) and presented a pistol to his breast, telling the Mate that the ship or vessel was his, the said Caton's, and not to say a word. That thereupon Twentyman seized the Mate, and one of the seamen, then also aft, and carried them forward and gagged and tied them; and Hughes remained centinel over them; whereupon this examinant took the helm. That Caton and Twentyman thereupon went into the cabin and seized Captain Lewis, and tied and gagged him also, and were also about to tie and gag Mr. Wilkinson, a passenger then on board, but in the struggle he awoke, and Caton wounded him with a cutlass, but afterwards conquered him, and gagged and tied him in like manner. Saith, that in this situation the Mate, Captain Lewis and Mr. Wilkinson remained all that night, and in the morning Hughes conducted all the prisoners to the quarter deck, and Caton, then being armed with a pistol and cutlass, ordered Hughes then to seize Captain Lewis and throw him overboard, which he accordingly did, by pushing him over the side of the vessel into the sea. That after Captain Lewis had been so thrown overboard, Caton then desired Hughes to seize Mr. Wilkinson, and throw him likewise overboard, which he accordingly attempted to do, but in the execution of it Mr. Wilkinson's hands got loose, and he laid hold of the after shroud; whereupon Caton told Mr. Wilkinson that if he did not let go the shroud, he would blow his brains out, and thereupon Hughes took the cutlass from Caton and stabbed Mr. Wilkinson in several parts of his thigh or body, which forced him to let go the shrouds, and Caton and Hughes then pushed him overboard. Saith, that after Mr. Wilkinson had been so thrown overboard, the said Caton then gave orders to throw Chadwick, the Mate, over board, which was accordingly done by Hughes, and Caton at the same time assisting him. Saith, that after the Mate was thrown overboard, examinant, in conjunction with Hughes, Twentyman and Caton, altered the course of the vessel, and steered towards Surrinam. That in pursuing the voyage, two of the seamen that belonged to the said schooner, and who were saved for the purpose of working or navigating the said vessel, attacked the said Hughes one night, and killed him with an ax, as Caton afterwards informed examinant, and that it was so done by his orders. Saith, that about fifteen days after the death of Hughes, Twentyman seized a negroe then on board, and thinking that he would make some discovery of what he had seen transacted on board, pushed him into the sea, and by the assistance of a bucket which the negro had in his hand, he swam some time. Saith, that having previously agreed that Caton should be considered as the merchant, this examinant as the Captain, and Twentyman as the Mate of the said schooner, they pursued their voyage, and Caton altered the papers of the schooner agreeebly thereto, and afterwards Caton and one of the sailors landed at Port-Lewis, to endeavour to sell the cargo, but not being permitted to enter the harbour, Caton returned on board. That the next day, one of the seamen that was so saved, being fearful, as exminant believes, that he would suffer the fate of the other unhappy people, embraced an opportunity to throw himself overboard, and this examinant observed that he was afterwards taken up by a canoe. Saith, that finding no admittance at Port-Louis they steered for St. Martin's and came to an anchor, and entered at the custom house, agreeable to the altered papers; and that Caton thereupon went on shore and sold part of the cargoe that was upon deck, but for what sum examinant knows not. Saith, that having staid two days at St. Martin's, they sailed for Port-au-Prince, but in their voyage Caton thought proper to alter his course for Jamaica; but being in want of water, Caton went on shore at Aux Cayes, in St. Domingo, and carried with him his trunks and a free negro boy, and never returned again on board; and saith, that he, this examinant, is induced to believe, that the reason of such desertion is, that because Caton wanted to run the vessel on shore and examinant would not consent thereto.——Saith, that after Caton had left the vessel, examinant steered his course for Grand river, in Hispaniola, where he watered, and took from thence a negroe man named Pedro, and afterwards bore away for Manchioneal in the island of Jamaica, having then on board himself as Master, Twentyman as a Mate, a Whiteman, named Partner, shipped at St. Martain's, and the said negroe Pedro, and arrived there about the latter part of September last.——Saith, that upon his arrival at Port Antonio, he entered his vessel in the name of Lewing, and afterwards sold his cargo to Mr. William Munro, overseer of Grange Hill, for the sum of two hundred and seventeen pounds.——Saith, that having discharged his seamen, to wit, Twentyman, Partner and Pedro, he set out for Kingston, and sent one John Mackenzie to Manchioneal with seamen to conduct the vessel from thence to the port of Kingston.——Saith that he, Mackenzie, accordingly conducted the schooner to Kingston, for which examinant paid him about fifteen or sixteen pounds, exclusive of seamen's wages.——Saith that since his arrival in Kingston, he lodged at Mr. M'Donald's, and saith that the remnants of cassimer on board, he, this examinant, has partly made up for his own use, and the remainder is now or was some time ago at the house of John Bethune, taylor, and in examinant's trunk;—— and saith, that about five or six days ago, examinant sold the said vessel to Emanuel, Sweezy and Carmichael for four hundred pounds, but which this examinant since returned to one Thomas Plunkett.

(Signed) BENJAMIN JOHNSON.

Taken, confessed and acknowledged
before us, this said 31st of Oct. 1784.
(Signed) PAUL PHIPS,
ANDREW CATHCART,
WILLIAM COLLARD.

Kingston, Jamaica, ss.

The further Examination and Confession of BENJAMIN JOHNSTON, taken before us, this 31st Oct. 1784.

This examinent further saith, that the Trunk No. 1. containing the several articles in the schedule hereunto annexed, now produced and shewn to him at this the time of his exanination, is the identical trunk taken by this examinant out of the said schooner Friend or Friendship, but to whom the said trunk No. 1. and the articles therein contained as aforesaid belong, this examinant does not know. Saith, that the said trunk No. 1. is marked at the bottom thus I D. No. 53. And which said

M I.

I W. appear to be newly marked. Saith that the trunk No. 2. is this examinant's property, but the several articles in the said schedule hereunto annexed, and therein contained, are not any part of his property, but to whom the same belong, he cannot set forth. Saith, the said trunks No. 1. and No. 2. were brought on board the said schooner at Virginia, at or about the time of her sailing from Elizabeth river aforesaid. Saith, that the two remnants of cassimer, now produced by John Bethune, taylor, in the presence of this examinant, are the identical remnants delivered by the examinant to the said John Bethune, for the purpose of being made into coats; and saith, that the same is also part of the cargoe of the said schooner Friend or Friendship, at the time of her sailing from Virginia aforesaid. (Signed) Benjamin Johnson. Taken, confessed and acknowledged before us, this said 31st of October, 1784. (Signed) Paul Phipps, Andrew Cathcart, William Collard.

TRUNK marked No. 1.

INVENTORY of the several articles found in a Trunk in the possession of Mr. Johnson.

Seven vols. Spectator, 2 vols. Moore's view in France, 2 do. in Italy, 4 do. Mac Aulay's history, 2 do. of the Remembrancer, 1 do. of Johnson's Dictionary, Guthrie's Grammar.

One vol. American Negotiator, 1 do. Price's National Debt, 1 do. Enfield's Speaker, 1 do. Political Disquisitions, 1 do. Hoyle's Games, subscribed Joseph Wilkinson.

One vol. of Conversation and Behaviour, subscribed Robert Johnson, also John Jameson.

One vol. Art Surveying, 1 do. Pharismond, subscribed John Faulkner, No. 147, 1775. One vol. old, Johnson's Dictionary, subscribed Bolling Fisher. One vol. Illustration of the Common Prayer of the C. E. subscribed William Clark; the Holy Bible; six bed-curtains, blue and white; 4 remnants broadcloth, 1 do. corduroy, 2 do. thickset, 2 green stuff curtains, 1 piece of huckaback, 1 black waistcoat and breeches, princes stuff, 5 waistcoats, 1 velveret coat, 1 map of South-Carolina, 4 bunches white thread, 1 cake blacking, 1 box wafers and sealing-wax, 1 remnant of gauze, a horn containing soap, penknives, &c. 1 box with bullets, 2 watch chains and seals, 1 pair of worsted gloves, A Treatise on Navigation by Patoreu, subscribed Archibald Crawford, the gift of Donald M'Deau, and again subscribed Benjamin Loyd. A Songster's Dictionary.

TRUNK No. 2.

Three shirts, 2 of them Johnson claims as his own; 11 nankeen and dimity waistcoats, 4 of which he claims as his own; 1 black silk waistcoat, claims as his own; 16 pair of breeches, 7 pair of which he claims as his own; 1 pair of drawers, claimed by ditto; 5 pair silk stockings and 4 of thread, he claims as his own; 12 pair thread stockings, several marked I. W. a razor case, claimed as his own; a pair of cotton stockings with silk clocks; 4 cambrick stocks, claimed as his own; 7 ditto; 5 sheets, 2 of which he claims as his own; 5 pillow cases, some marked I. W. 3 diaper towels, marked I. W. the W. out; 1 cravat, the mark cut out; 1 gilt stockbuckle; a pair of shoe-buckles, he claims as his own; 2 large huckaback tablecloths, marked I. W. on one of them the W. picked out; 2 blue coats, one of which he claims as his own; 1 Holland shirt, marked I. W. the W. picked out; one checked handkerchief; 1 diaper towel, has been marked I. W. but the W. picked out; 1 pair black silk stockings, his mark; one volume Remembrancer, P. P. 31st October, 1784, A. C. W. C.

UERALEOPIA.
THOMAS PAXTON, D. A. Pacis.

A MESSAGE *from the* PRESIDENT *and the* SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL *to the* GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING received authentic intelligence, that a purchase has lately been made by our commissioners from the *Six Nations*, of all the lands not before bought from them, within the limits of this state, and having reason to believe, that the purchase will soon be compleated by a conveyance from the *Western Indians* of their right, our attention has been turned towards the execution of two laws depending upon such an equitable establishment of our boundaries. We mean an act entitled, "An act for the sale of certain lands therein mentioned," &c. passed the twelfth day of *March*, 1783, and the act entitled, "An act for opening the land-office," &c. passed the first day of *April*, 1784.

The principles of these laws we generally and highly approve; but, as we think some alterations proper for producing all the beneficial effects intended by the legislature, we earnestly wish your revision and amendment of them.

In considering these laws, objects of immense importance to the good people of *Pennsylvania* and their posterity, are brought into view.

It appears by a state of the public debts which we have received from the comptroller general, and now inclosed, that there are upwards of two millions and an half of dollars due *by the commonwealth*, and more than five millions and an half due to citizens and inhabitants of this state *by the United States*. By a judicious disposition of the lands directed to be sold for certificates, &c. by the laws before mentioned, and to be paid down, very large portions of these incumbrances might be discharged, and the people of this commonwealth be enabled to bear, without distress, the taxes that might then be necessarily required from them.

On the other hand, we think it our duty to observe, that by the best information we can obtain, and upon the fullest deliberation, we are all perfectly convinced, that if a fund is first established by this state, for paying the interest of the said debts, or of either species of them, in general, the sale of the lands from which such great advantages have been expected, will afford but an inconsiderable relief to our constituents, from their burthens.

On the former plan, the consideration for the lands would be immediately received by the commonwealth, and the demands to that amount be at once extinguished. On the latter, or funding system, the lands would only sell for low prices, and if credit should then be given to the purchasers, their payments of principal or interest could never be relied upon, as a supply. They would be slow, irregular, and perhaps not to be obtained but by compulsion. Multitudes of persons in distant parts of the state would be involved in the same circumstances; the cause would be common; might therefore excite combinations, and disturb the public peace.

Other mischiefs, and as great as the foregoing, will in our opinion attend the adoption of the funding system at present. A heavy load of taxation must instantly fall upon the freeholders and other inhabitants of this republic. It would be some consolation, if it was likely, that they could see the end of it: But, we judge, it will pass to their descendants for ages as an inheritance, that in many instances will eat out any estates which they can leave to them.

As to the consequences of dealing in funds, they are well known. They are such, that it is certain, every wise state ought to make vigorous exertions for reducing them into as small a compass as is possible.

The generous and benevolent temper of *Pennsylvanians* might be more easily reconciled to these evils, if they could be persuaded, that such extraordinary efforts must be made, for relieving widows, orphans, and worthy citizens, whose situation in life was rendered uncomfortable by the application of their property to the use of their country, or for assisting the original holders of other certificates, or their legal representatives. But, efforts of this extent are not requisite for the attainment of these ends. The legislature has heretofore adverted to such respectable claims. We refer to the act entitled, "An act for providing the quota of fœderal supplies," &c. passed the 21st of *March*, 1783, and a supplement to it passed the 25th of *September*, in that year, and to an act entitled, "An act to appropriate certain monies arising from the excise," &c. passed the same day of *March*, and a supplement to it passed the twentieth day of *September* in the same year.

It is an indisputable truth, that a very large number of certificates has been bought for a trifling part of the sums mentioned in them, from those to whom they were issued. If these purchasers are to receive six *per cent.* interest on the nominal sums contained in their certificates, they will frequently, and we believe, generally receive from 40 to 50 per cent. interest annually, on the specie which they actually paid for them, besides the rise in the value of the principals; and persons who were obliged to take the certificates from the public instead of gold and silver, and afterwards to sell them because the public did not pay them, must bear their proportion of taxes for converting them into gold and silver in the hands of such purchasers

If the hardship of these cases is to be aggravated to the first owners, it will be by reflecting, that the buyers of the certificates in all probability were led by general conversation upon the subject, and by the tenor of our laws, to contemplate the laying them out in purchasing lands from the state, without any expectation of receiving an annual interest of six *per cent* in specie, for the sums specified in them. Thus while some will be suddenly elevated to great wealth, others will be proportionably depressed, the rewards of industry being transferred by this fluctuation, from the latter to the former.

There is another circumstance connected with this subject, and deserving notice. It is easy to foresee how the certificates will rise in value, when they are funded. Very many freeholders in different parts of the state, and particularly at a distance from this city,

who mean only to form moderate ſettlements for themſelves and their children, have not yet taken out patents for their lands, tho' payments may be made in certificates. The preſumption is, that they have none. The poſſeſſors of certificates will have all theſe, and unqueſtionably many widows and orphans, at their mercy; and may tax them at diſcretion. A dealer in lands and certificates may have got a townſhip cheaper, than in ſuch caſe one of theſe perſons can get a ſmall plantation.

When we purſue our enquiries reſpecting a general funding plan by this ſtate, in its relation to the confederation, our concern encreaſes.

Congreſs has been faithfully labouring ſince the concluſion of the war, to give order, efficacy, and permanency, to the arrangements of peace. Prudence and the true intereſt of *America* muſt produce a juſt regard for the counſels of that body. Without this regard, all the wiſdom and virtue of theſe ſtates will fail to make us a happy people.

We conſider the plan we have ſpoke of, as interfering with fœderal meaſures, and tending to weaken the union. A treaty has been held with the *Indians*, and a large territory is ceded by them. The commiſſioners have proceeded to another. The lands acquired will be diſpoſed of, and other ſteps will be taken, to ſupport the national faith and honor. Let us hope, that they will be ſupported; at leaſt, let us not declare to the world, that they are deſperate.

We cannot forbear to mention our apprehenſions, that ſuch a plan will exceed the ability of this commonwealth, and injure its credit; and that we ſhall be likely to involve ourſelves in greater difficulties, than our proportion of the common debt will occaſion. The duties upon importations have been encouraging; but your honorable houſe will truly weigh the variety of events, that are combined with that delicate ſubject.

If *Pennſylvania* ſhall take up the load we think too heavy for her, and be able to bear it in time of profound tranquility, we ſhould endeavour to anticipate her ſituation, if that tranquility ſhall be interrupted.

We will only add upon this point, that by the act beforementioned, "for providing the quota of fœderal ſupplies, &c." a tax of ſix hundred thouſand dollars was laid, one half payable in the treaſurer's notes, to be iſſued to citizens of this ſtate, who were public creditors. Of this half, about one hundred and ſixty thouſand dollars only were accordingly iſſued; and of theſe, which ought to have been all redeemed on the firſt day of laſt *July*, there yet remains a balance of about ſeventy thouſand dollars unredeemed.

Called upon by the conſtitution, by the confederation, and by our affection for the commonwealth, to offer what information we can upon affairs of ſo much moment, we ardently wiſh, your honorable houſe may join with us in opinion, that it is proper---firſt, to relieve the citizens whoſe circumſtances demand the moſt immediate attention; next, to diſpoſe of the lands belonging to the ſtate to the beſt advantage; allow time for the United States to carry into effect their meaſures for the benefit of the union; and then, to provide for paying principal or intereſt to the public creditors who remain unſatisfied, in ſuch manner as ſhall by the legiſlature be judged equitable and adviſeable.

JOHN DICKINSON.

Philadelphia, Council Chamber, December 4th, 1784.

To the ASSEMBLY *of* PENNSYLVANIA.

THE following ſentiments, and others which ſhall hereafter be ſubmitted to the conſideration of your honorable body, were intended for the inſpection of the Council of Cenſors. It was thought part of their proceedings would have been buried in oblivion, or have exiſted only on their Journals. Your now taking them up occaſions this addreſs, which ſhall be continued with candor and decency; and ſhould any part appear perſonal, I truly declare it is not deſigned. Meaſures, and not men, are my object, and in no inſtance, where they can be ſeparated, ſhall the man be brought in queſtion.

Truth is a diſtinguiſhed character of the citizen, whether in public or private life, and a ſtrict adherence to her precepts can alone enſure happineſs to the community. On the contrary, deviations from her fixed and unerring principles lead to party, anarchy, confuſion and misfortunes, and imperceptbly debaſes human nature. If truth, in all our tranſactions, be ſtrictly adhered to, we cannot continue in error, and juſtice will not ſuffer long; but when, to gain a favorite point, or for the purpoſes of party, men are loſt to that virtue, they frequently find, in their own opinions, a ſufficient cover for their conduct—often deceive themſelves, and always thoſe over whom they maintain any influence—and, ſooner than fail in a favorite object, pay little regard to time, place or probability.

Parties had a generous, a virtuous motive, when actuated by the *amor patriæ*—the love of their country. Thoſe who ſupported, and thoſe who oppoſed the conſtitution, were alike entitled to praiſe, in a philoſophic ſenſe.---The æra is now arrived, when all ſuch diſtinctions ſhould ceaſe. Seven years have elapſed, and the conſtitution ſtands eſtabliſhed for ſeven more. He muſt therefore be a bad citizen, who does not hold himſelf amenable to it, and who does not give it every ſupport.

Should parties now be kept up, it follows, that they muſt have different objects, different motives, than heretofore. They muſt be actuated by baſe and ſordid motives, graſping not only the power, but wealth, of the ſtate, and excluding all who have differed from them in ſentiment.

With you, therefore, gentlemen, the Repreſentatives of the freemen of the commonwealth of Pennſylvania, it reſts, by your conduct and influence, to ſtop the efforts of men, if any ſuch there are, who may yet be ſo prejudiced, as to think themſelves right and juſtifiable in keeping up party diſtinctions and diſcord. Virtue is more than a name. By their proceedings, we are to diſtinguiſh the wiſdom and true patriotiſm of public bodies. It is an unſpeakable happineſs we enjoy in this ſtate, that every citizen annually exerciſes the powers of government, and in a moſt ſtriking manner, at all times, ſhares and participates in it—for the conſtitution expreſly inſures and declares that ſacred right, that bulwark of freedom, and bane of tyranny—the Freedom of the Preſs.

Actuated by theſe principles, I ſhall addreſs you on ſome matters now agitated in Aſſembly, which I hold deſtructive of good government, liberty and the conſtitution. Your minutes contain the report of a committee on the journals of the Council of Cenſors. You have reſolved, That a bill ſhall be brought in, eſtabliſhing in the Supreme Executive Council the right of appointments to all offices, with ſome few exceptions; that the law inveſting Iſaac Auſtin with the Ferry be repealed; and a motion to repeal the laſt impoſt law, ſo far only as it reſpects the collector.

The firſt I hold deſtructive of liberty, and an open violation of our conſtitution; the laſt of good and impartial government. I ſhall reſerve my ſentiments on the right of the Supreme Executive Council to appoint officers for a ſeparate addreſs, as I eſteem it of the firſt conſequence, and in the remainder of this diſcuſs ſome of the others.

The motion for the repeal of the laſt impoſt law is founded on a declaration, and on the *apprehenſions* of a majority of the Council of Cenſors. Many gentlemen of great abilities in the Houſe, I am informed, ſupport the doctrine, among whom are two gentlemen from our weſtern boundaries, and late members of that body. Theſe gentlemen I wiſh to take up this matter from real information and facts, and not from the mere information of others; and then, from the opinion I wiſh to entertain of them, and of every other perſon placed in ſo exalted a ſtation, I flatter myſelf their judgment will be founded in experience and truth. The expreſſions of the Council of Cenſors are, That the law in queſtion "has erected *a new, and, as they apprehend, unneceſſary and burthenſome office, of great emolument.*" In a candid and well founded examination of theſe words, we ſhall find, that in great names, ſuch as the Council of Cenſors, we are not to put an entire faith.

They roundly aſſert, that "*a new office has been erected,*" when, had they adverted to the 19th ſection of the frame of government, they would have found it as expreſly acknowledged and mentioned, as Sheriffs, Prothonotaries, Treaſurers, Judges, &c. and diſtinctly from that of the Naval Officer. They, with equal propriety, might have mentioned the appointment of a gentleman as 4th Judge, while in Aſſembly, and not diſtinguiſhed for a law education, or any extraordinary genius in juriſprudence. The conſtitution only mentions the neceſſity of Judges. The number, as to utility, was to be aſcertained by law. Three were in commiſſion for ſome time, and it was thought expedient to add a fourth, agreeable to law. The next aſſertion of being unneceſſary and burthenſome, is not ſo roundly made, *but given in an apprehended ſenſe.* Here, if poſſible, things are taken more on truſt than in the firſt inſtance; for let any, the moſt prejudiced, and leaſt acquainted with the checks neceſſary in the collection of ſo great a revenue, examine the firſt impoſt law, and they will ſee the abſolute neceſſity of two, or even more officers. The revenue, I am informed, amounts to 120,000l. per annum clear——and can, or ought it to be left, without check, to the collection of any one perſon, whatever may be his conſequence or ſtation. It is unparalelled in this or any other country. I wave the deſerved cenſure on the man who wiſhed it ſo, and miſled his brethren;—but I cannot entirely exculpate them for their ſubſequent aſſertion, in ſaying there is now no check, when, by application to the exiſting laws, they would have found the contrary, and the Naval Officer poſſeſſed of a check on the Collector, which before did not exiſt. It is well known the fulleſt proviſion was made for the public ſafety, by an act publiſhed for conſideration long before their apprehenſive obſervations *------for obſervations only can they be called, and not recommendations.

By the firſt impoſt law, only one manifeſt is neceſſary. By the ſupplement another is directed; one to be lodged with the Collector, the other with the Naval-Officer. Can any one then ſay, this is no check; for when the Collector ſettles, he muſt account for every article in his manifeſt, which does not depend on the one in his poſſeſſion, but is controuled and checked by that in the hands of the Naval-Officer. In ſhort, with equal propriety may their apprehenſions be applied, as before mentioned, to the Judges, to the number of county and other commiſſioners, and one of each be deemed ſufficient.

They next hold the office of Collector up as "*burthenſome, and heavily loading the commerce of the commonwealth.*" This apprehenſion is worſe founded than either of the others. A gentleman, who repreſented the city in the Council of Cenſors, one of the moſt intelligent merchants, and of their committee, would, if any ſuch thing exiſted, have made objections. I aſk, can any one merchant be produced, who maintained this ſentiment. If it was in fact the caſe, the body of merchants would not have been remiſs in carrying their complaints to their repreſentatives in Aſſembly, aſſured of meeting redreſs; and this they would have done long before the time the apprehenſions of the Council of Cenſors exiſted, the law having paſſed in March, and the notice of the Cenſors in Auguſt. However, gentlemen, on this head you can have the fulleſt information. The officer in queſtion is the ſervant of the public, amenable to your order, and every additional expence (here called heavy) open to your inſpection. The number of veſſels entered, and the permits belonging to each, will ſhew the real amount; and, if I have any knowledge of the ſubject, this additional expence, ſo greatly magnified, will be found very trifling. This is well known to every merchant.

The manner in which this motion was brought into the Council of Cenſors, and added to the report of their committee, is ſomewhat extraordinary—for, not even by implication, can any trace be found in the 47th ſection, defining their powers, that can warrant the meaſure. No waſte or uſe of public money is made by the law. The ſame commiſſions as in the firſt law, and the ſame fees in every reſpect received, as by the Naval Officer, the additional ones excepted, which are received from individuals—foreigners and citizens. With greater propriety, might the Council have cenſured the accumulating of lucrative offices in any one perſon, and on that head recommended amendments to laws for public ſafety; and this without reproach or injury to any individual. The original motion, as brought in by the gentleman who made it, had theſe remarkable words—"*for the gratification of a fellow Repreſentative,*" which were unanimouſly rejected by the reſt of the Council. What ſentiments muſt fill that gentleman's breaſt I know not, but to me it ſhews an heart by no means enviable, and ſeems to point at the officer, and not the meaſure. Does he think the repreſentatives of the freemen of Pennſylvania could ſo far forget their duty and their ſolemn oaths, as, for the gratification of any man, to be guilty of a breach of ſuch ſacred obligations. Indeed, his conduct on this occaſion ſhews how far the greateſt men will at times be led aſtray. When he pointed out one or two offices, he ought to have recogniſed many others---ſuch as, the Comptroller-General---the officers of the Land-Office---Continental Loan-Officer---*Truſtees of the College---and of the Iſland*---Commiſſioners of counties and other Commiſſioners, &c. Perhaps, from his long enjoyment of offices, and that of his relations, he imagined none elſe ſhould be appointed, at leaſt without his concurrence. He has one brother-in-law a Loan-Officer—another a Prothonotary—his ſon Clerk of the Hon. Houſe—and moſt of his other relations have enjoyed offices of truſt and profit—perhaps deſervedly.

I ſhall now cloſe this addreſs, and truſt it will be found, on due inveſtigation, founded in truth. In a ſubſequent paper, I ſhall lay before you my ſentiments on the appointment of officers, a ſubject of much greater importance than the preſent. OBSERVATOR.

* In juſtice to the preſent Collector, it is neceſſary to mention---the amendments to the law originated from him, as appears by the meſſage of the Supreme Executive Council to the Houſe of Aſſembly.

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a ſtrong, hearty MULATTOE BOY, who has near five years to ſerve, fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

WANTED,

A SOBER, induſtrious MAN, well acquainted with the management and conduct of MILLS. Such a one, with good recommendations, may hear of a place, by applying to the PRINTERS. †

WANTED,

AN elderly WOMAN, as houſe-keeper in a ſmall family, a little diſtance from town; there are ſervants to do the hard work. Apply to Mrs. PAUL, at the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet.

N. B. None need apply, but ſuch as can be well recommended. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from England,
And to be SOLD, Wholeſale or Retail, by

GILBERT RODMAN,

At his STORE, in Front and Water-ſtreets, near the Drawbridge,----a large aſſortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c.

Among which are,-----

THREE-PENNY, 4l. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. 30d. ſharp and flat point nails, 2d. 3d. 4d. 6d. trunk ditto, 2d. 3d. 4d. 6d. clout ditto, 4d. 5d. ſcupper ditto, 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. ſprigs, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 ounce tacks, hob and pump nails, tenters, braſs nob locks and latches, ditto ring ditto ditto, drawback ditto, ſecret, common and ſhackel padlocks, bellows, plain iron candleſticks, poliſhed ſteel ditto, warming-pans, copper and iron tea-kettles, braſs chafing diſhes, japanned plate warmers, braſs knockers with guards, iron ditto, ſquare box coffee-mills, iron ditto, ſaſh pullies and cord, box irons, ditto ſtands, awl hafts, gimblets, ſhoemakers, ſadlers, carpenters and rivetting hammers, augers, from half inch to two inches, marking-irons, cork drawers, files and raſps of different kinds, wood and ſteel rat-traps, wire and wood mouſe ditto, curry-combs and horſe-bruſhes, coffin nails, H and HL hinges, cheſt, deſk and table ditto, ſcale beams, ſteelyards, braſs ſcale diſhes, and ſetts of braſs weights, gridirons, jacks for roaſting, bung-borers, blackſmiths vizes, ſledges and hammers, center bitts, carpenters and ſhoemakers pincers, compaſſes, braſs and bell-metal kettles, thumb latches, taylors preſſing-irons, ſad ditto, maſons hammers and trowels, round and flat bolts, flat and round head wood ſcrews from half inch to three inches, cutteau knives, pruning ditto, barlow penknives, table knives and forks, carving and chopping knives, butchers ditto with caſes, ſhoemakers and oyſter ditto, razors, butchers ſteels, womens ſciſſars, ſhop ditto, taylors ſhears, mens ſteel thimbles, womens braſs ditto, handles and eſcutcheons for drawers, deſk ſetts ditto, chimney hooks, lifting handles, table catches, ſconces, gun flints, two feet rules, ſliding gunters, ſize ſticks, gunter two feet ſcales, ſhoe and knee-buckles, poliſhed ſteel ſnuffers, coffin furniture, with plates, lace, letters and figures, plated ſpurs, key ſwivels, gun hammers and ſcrews, pinching and curling irons, ſugar nippers, hand vizes, awl blades, cupboard and cheſt locks, inſtrument caſes, ſpades and ſhovels, fowling-pieces, gun barrels and locks, ſhovels and tongs, plaiſtering trowels, hay knives, lathing hatchets, carpenters hatchets and adzes, ſtock locks, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, japanned pint and quart jacks, bottle ſtands, bread trays, hand, pannel, tenant, ſaſh, mill, pit and croſs-cut ſaws, plain irons, chiſſels and gouges, drawing and curriers knives, diaper and ſtraining web, painting bruſhes, ſpeaking trumpets, horſe whips, painters knives, glaziers diamonds, plated and ſteel ſtirrups, plated curb and ſnaffle bitts, common ſnaffle ditto, girth buckles, fiſh hooks, horn combs, japanned knockers, pewter diſhes, baſons and ſpoons, grindſtones, 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, 20 by 14, 19 by 13, 18 by 12 window glaſs, painters colours, chalk, whiting, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1784.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

On the 28th inſtant, at the Coffee-houſe, at mid-day,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, ſituate in Barree townſhip, Bedford county, ſtate of Pennſylvania, on a branch of Juniata river, called Shavers Creek, and near Tuſſis mountain, containing 300 acres of good land, formerly adjoining land belonging to Mr. James Williamſon, a Mr. Potter, and others, and was taken up by a Mr. Chriſtopher Irwin many years ago; there is a ſmall improvement on the land, and it is generally ſuppoſed to be as good as any land in that part of the country. The terms of ſale to be one third of the purchaſe money paid at the time of purchaſe, and the other two thirds to be paid in three years, one third annually; at the laſt payment being made, a good and ſufficient title will be given by the ſubſcribers, as Executors of the laſt will and teſtament of William Wilſon, deceaſed, of Oxford townſhip, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania. A map of ſaid land may be ſeen in the hands of Mr. Hans Morriſon, merchant, in Baltimore, or the ſubſcribers, in Oxford townſhip aforeſaid.

JAMES THOMSON,
MARY THOMSON.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS a certain Robert Crawford, late of the city of Philadelphia, houſe-carpenter, died at Carrol's Tract, in York county, about the 26th day of March laſt, the ſubſcriber who has adminiſtered on his eſtate ſuppoſes that the deceaſed, upon his leaving the city, placed a cheſt containing the copies of ſeveral warrants for lands, in the county of Northumberland, ſeveral bonds, notes, account books and other valuable papers (unknown to the ſubſcriber) in the hands of ſome perſon in the city or country. Therefore any perſon who will deliver the ſaid cheſt and papers to the ſubſcriber, or give him ſufficient information thereof, ſo as to enable him to recover them by law, ſhall be entitled to a reward of TEN POUNDS. And all perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid Robert Crawford, deceaſed, either by bond, note or book account, are hereby enjoined not to pay the ſame to any other perſon than the ſubſcriber, living in Market-ſtreet, above Sixth-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Nov. 11, 1784. § JOHN CRAWFORD, Adminiſtrat.

WHERES I, the ſubſcriber, purchaſed a tract of land of a certain Joſeph Davis, then living in Robinſon townſhip, Berks county, for which I have ſigned him, in part for the ſame, two bonds, one payable Dec. 1, 1789, for the ſum of twenty-five pounds, the other payable Decmber 1, 1790, for the ſum of nineteen pounds, he has alſo one bond out againſt me for the ſum of twenty-five pounds, payable Dec. 1, 1788, which is an entire forgery. This is therefore to forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment on ſaid bonds, as the ſaid Joſeph Davis fraudulently refuſes to comply with the articles of agreement, until which compliance I am determined not to pay any more money, unleſs compelled thereto by law.

December 6, 1784. † JAMES FREELAND.

BOSTON, *November* 24.

We learn by Captain Roberts, in the ſhip Lydia, who lately arrived here from Bourdeaux, that on his outward paſſage, the 21ſt May laſt, in latitude 34. 23. north, longitude 71. 20. he dicovered the wreck of a white bottomed brigantine, her bows only above water, from which they ſawed a ſmall figure head, newly painted, by which it appears to have been the brigantine Lively, Captain Chourot, that ſailed from this port for Port-au-Prince the 12th April laſt. It is probable the crew and ſeveral paſſengers that were on board, muſt all have periſhed, as they never have been heard of.

The Engliſh news-writers take much pains to make that devoted country believe that the United States have effectually drained themſelves of caſh, and are now ſuffering all the diſadvantages of a ſtate of poverty. If this ſhould ever be the caſe, we ſhall have this conſolation left, that there will be no gold to corrupt, or temptation for thieves to break through and ſteal.

Nov. 29. By the laſt conveyance from Halifax, we have the pleaſure to inform our readers, that Sir Charles Douglaſs, the bluſtering Commodore at that poſt, has, in his laſt orders from England, been ſeverely reprimanded by his ſuperiors, for his very improper treatment of the American Flag. They have, it is to be hoped, taught them how to behave in future to the ſtripes, which are reſpected in every corner of the globe. By way of puniſhment for his failings in this article, he is commanded not to make a ſingle Lieutenant while on that ſtation; the gallies he has fitted out to increaſe his ſtock in trade are all to be diſmiſſed; his feeble efforts to put a ſtop to the trade between the States and Halifax are highly condemned by his Maſters, who have greatly applauded the worthy Governor, who has always befriended it, knowing it to be perfectly agreeable to the definitive treaty

Laſt Thurſday night began the moſt violent ſtorm of rain we have had for twenty years paſt, and continued till near eleven o'clock the next day—The wind being ſouth-eaſt, drove in the tide ſo as to overflow all the wharves, and carried away great quantities of wood and lumber—Two perſons were taken out of a houſe on the North-Battery about ten minutes before it fell, the greateſt part of which was carried off by the tide—The Draw-bridge, in Foreſtreet, was raiſed to a conſiderable heighth, and almoſt every cellar in and about ſaid ſtreet was filled with water. The tide overflowed Market-ſquare; and was more than a foot deep over the Long-wharff, where a great deal of damage was ſuſtained in the loſs of ſugars, molaſſes, ſalt, naval ſtores, and lumber. A brig lying at the Long-wharff, overſet, and a ſhip, breaking her faſt, drove into Hallowell's ſhipyard, and bilged.—We fear we ſhall hear of veſſels being caſt away, and lives loſt.

The Parliament of Great Britain is further prorogued to the 2d of December next.

By Capt. St. Barbe, who arrived here yeſterday in 40 days from London, and 33 from the Downs, we have received London prints to the 19th of October, which contain little beſides bickerings about the Iriſh and Eaſt-India affairs.——However we have extracted the following articles.

LONDON.

October 11. David Hartley, Eſq; arrived on Thurſday at his houſe in Golden Square, from Paris, where he has been for ſome time as the Commiſſioner on the part of the Britiſh Court, to negociate a commercial intercourſe with America. It has not tranſpired what progreſs he has made in the treaty, or whether any treaty at all is likely to take place. He is now confined with the gout.

Oct. 14. Laſt Thurſday morning, James Bourdieu, Eſq; ſet out for Paris, to procure his credentials from the Court of France, in whoſe ſervice he is to be employed as one of the Commiſſioners towards ſettling a treaty of commerce betwen the two Courts; but we underſtand that the neceſſary arrangements to be agreed upon between the two Eaſt-India Companies, more particularly comes within the limits of his commiſſion.

Oct. 19. French politics have at length ſucceeded, and inveigled the Dutch into a conteſt with the Emperor, where, it is moſt likely, they will be left by their Gallic friends, to get out again as well as they can.

The Emperor having publicly declared that he ſhould conſider an oppoſition to a ſhip with his colours paſſing the Scheldt as a declaration of war, and the Dutch having gone ſo far as to fire at one of his veſſels for making the attempt, there can be little hopes of matters being now accommodated without bloodſhed; and we may expect the next mail will bring over accounts of hoſtilities having been reciprocal between them.

Extract of a letter, dated Eaſtern Scheldt, Oct. 8.

"This morning, at ſeven o'clock, M. Le Lt. Verdooren, who belongs to the ſchooner Le Dauphin, lying at anchor behind Stockgate, in the view of Lillo, received orders from Lieut. Cuperns, commander of the ſchooner, to go and reconnoitre a brig under Imperial colours, which was ſailing down the Scheldt; on this Lieut. Verdooren demanded of the commander of the Auſtrian ſhip where he was going? to which he anſwered, "he was going down the Scheldt for the ſea." The Lieutenant entreated him, in a friendly manner, deſiring him to be on his guard, as his orders were not to allow any Imperial ſhip to paſs by the Scheldt, and adviſed him to caſt anchor. The Auſtrian captain replied, "That his Imperial Majeſty had declared the Scheldt to be open, and that he had orders to continue his route without minding what he might do." Lieut. Verdooren continued his friendly entreaties, in the name of his commander, adding, that if he refuſed, very diſagreeable conſequences would enſue, for which he muſt be anſwerable; the Lieut. Verdooren made ſignals for his boat, and rowed towards Le Dauphin. On which Lieut. Cuperns fired a gun with powder, and requeſted the brig to approach; but the Captain of the brig, holding a paper in his hand, cried out, that what he did was by order of his Imperial Majeſty. M. Cuperns, after having again and again entreated him to come to anchor, for that he could not permit him to paſs the Scheldt for ſea, while the Captain ſtill perſiſted in his deſign, when the ſchooner fired a broadſide, on which the brig came to anchor. The damage the brig received is but trifling."

Extract of a letter from Oſtend, October 13.

"News is brought here by expreſs, that the diſpute between the Emperor and the United States of Holland is at laſt come to an open rupture; it is further added, that the Dutch have actually taken poſſeſſion of Sluys, in Flanders, and of a ſmall Imperial fort in its neighbourhood."

NEWBURY-PORT, November 24.

Capt. Obrien, of this place, informs, that on Saturday, the 9th ult. being in his veſſel, in the river St. John, in Nova-Scotia, as he approached the town, coming within about half a mile thereof, and ſhewing his colours, he was ſaluted ſeveral times with a loaded ſix pound cannon, and afterwards, for about four hours, with ſmall arms, and obliged to come to anchor. That on Monday morning, as he went on ſhore to enter, they threatened to whip him, and Mr. White, their Naval-Officer, refuſed him an entry, for inſulting the town of Parr with rebel colours, and even denied him the liberty of landing a few thouſand of boards to lighten his veſſel, for his own ſafety in returning, telling him that it was inſufferable to ſhew *them* colours there. That every time he landed, he was inſulted by ſtoning and abuſive language,----they at the ſame time ſwearing, that no rebel ſhould ever enter that port, unleſs he denied his colours.——Capt. Obrien ſays, that their conduct appeared to be countenanced by the principal men of the place.

Laſt Saturday, Captain Jonathan Boardman, in the ſchooner Swan, from Port-au-Prince, arrived here, who informs, that, on the 6th inſt. in lat. 27, long. 73 weſt, he was brought to by a brig of about 120 tons burthen, mounted with 8 carriage guns, who fired three ſhot at him, and hailed in Spaniſh, to which Captain Boardman being unable to reply, aſked, if they had any on board who could ſpeak Engliſh, on which a man told him in broken Engliſh, that their Captain was coming on board the ſchooner; and then they put their helm a ſtarboard, and tried to board the ſchooner, but finding themſelves diſappointed by the ſchooner's filling her foreſail and hoiſting her flying jib, they fired a ſhot which cut away ſome of the ſchooner's rigging, and went through the tack-piece of her foreſail, and then aſked Capt. Boardman what he was loaded with? who anſwering, "Molaſſes," he then made a motion to have the ſchooner go about her buſineſs. The brig, Capt. Boardman ſays, appeared to have 25 or 30 men on board.

NEW-YORK, *December* 3.

Air-balloon dreſs is ſo much the faſhion in this city, and ſo generally fancied, that ſome ingenious ſempſtreſſes have it in contemplation to eſtabliſh a balloon petticoat, ſo conſtructed, as that every perſon may go up in it with ſafety.

The Engliſh news-writers take much pains to make that ſtorm beaten and ſhattered country believe that the United States of America are in a ſtate of convulſion, deſtitute of caſh, commerce languiſhing, and are now ſuffering, inſtead of the fruition they expected in independence, all the inconveniences of a ſtate of poverty.

A report prevailed in London at the ſailing of the packet, that Tippo Saib having ordered that General Mathews ſhould be brought into his preſence (which General the Indian had detained priſoner, contrary the faith and laws of nations, and in violation of articles of capitulation) ſpoke to him in a very haughty tone, which compelled the General to upbraid him whith a breach of faith, at which Tippo was ſo provoked, that he drew his ſabre and cut the General to pieces.

TRENTON, Dec. 6.

Purſuant to the Articles of Confederation, on Monday the 1ſt of November ult. the Congreſs of the United States aſſembled in this place; and on Tueſday laſt a quorum of the ſtates being repreſented, they proceeded to the choice of a Preſident, when the Hon. RICHARD HENRY LEE, Eſq; of Virginia, was elected. This is the gentleman who is ſaid to have originally made the motion in Congreſs for declaring the States of America independent, in the year 1776.

ANNAPOLIS, December 2.

On Monday laſt, our late illuſtrious Commander in Chief arrived in this city, accompanied by the Marquis de la Fayette. And on the day following, the General Aſſembly, to exhibit a ſmall token of their gratitude and attachment to thoſe extraordinary perſonages, directed an elegant ball to be provided for their entertainment. The evening was crowned with the utmoſt joy and feſtivity, the whole company being made happy by the preſence of two moſt amiable and all-accompliſhed men, to whom America is ſo deeply indebted for her preſervation from tyranny and oppreſſion.

PHILADELPHIA, December 8.

Extract of a letter from Dominica.

"The diſſentions between the Governor and the inhabitants of this iſland, have ariſen to an unhappy criſis. One Aſſembly is diſſolved, and another ſummoned; yet the ſame oppoſition, headed by Lieut. Governor Stewart, conſtantly maintains its ground. Our ports are thin; the Captains complain of the extraordinary charges of them, and the abandoned eſtates make the iſland a melancholy ſpectacle. Moſt of the troops from hence are ſent up by order of General Matthews to St. Vincent's, to ſuppreſs the Caribs, who begin to be a formidable enemy, amounting to 1200, and well ſupplied by the French, who are very vigilant in each iſland, ſtraining every nerve to keep an intereſt, in caſe of another war, which, in the Weſt-Indies, is the conſtant diſcourſe."

The Elizabeth, Atwood, from Amſterdam; Byfield, Parſons, from Cadiz; Induſtry, Oaks, from Baltimore; Betſey, Dwell, from Philadelphia, are arrived at Boſton.

To be LETT for a term of years,

A LARGE, ſpacious and commodious TANYARD, in the Northern Liberties of this city, judged to be one of the beſt in the ſtate, containing upwards of 100 vats, with a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe on the lot, and every other building and conveniency neceſſary to carry on the tanning buſineſs on an extenſive plan. Apply to

Philad. Dec. 6, 1784. WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 18th day of this inſtant (December) at twelve o'clock at noon,

AN excellent LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Kenſington, containing 35 feet front, on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet, and extending from thence 150 feet, more or leſs, to low-water-mark, being a compleat dock, adjoining lands of the Widow Eyres and William Henry.

Alſo one other LOT, containing 35 feet front on Queen-ſtreet, and in depth 112 feet, bounding on lands of the Widow Eyres, William Henry and George Fox. The whole clear of ground-rent. One half the purchaſe-money to be paid down, and a ſufficient time given for the payment of the remainder, on giving ſecurity, if required, and a good title will be given, by

GEORGE FOX.

Bedminſter, Bucks county, Nov. 23, 1784.

To all whom theſe may concern.

NOTICE is publicly given to all that are indebted to the eſtate of Jeſſe Bryan, deceaſed, either by bond, note or book debt, to come immediately and pay them off to ſave further trouble; and all thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring their accounts, properly atteſted, to

WILLIAM DARRACH,)
† JAMES BRYAN,) Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituated in Marple townſhip, Cheſter county, about 13 miles from Philadelphia, and 8 from Cheſter, containing 128 acres of land; there are erected on the ſame, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a log kitchen, a log barn and ſtables, a good well of water near the door, an orchard of apple-trees, natural and grafted fruit, 15 acres of watered meadow, and 6 or 8 acres more may be made and watered with two large ſtreams running through it; there may be erected a ſaw-mill or griſt-mill, having 16 or 18 feet fall; 50 acres of good woodland, and water in every field. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, at Reading Furnace, or to Dr. Bernard Vanlier, near ſaid place, or to Peter Thompſon, in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia. The title indiſputable. SAMUEL VANLIER.

N. B. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion the firſt day of April next. ¶

To be SOLD at private Sale,

By the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, in Weſt Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county,

A PLANTATION, containing 250 acres, 16 whereof is excellent meadow, moſtly watered, a large dwelling houſe, part of it ſtone, two ſtories high, with a cellar under, and a well of water at the door, a ſpring-houſe, and barn 60 feet by 22, with ſtables and cow-houſe, a large orchard of grafted fruit trees in their prime; the place is agreeably ſituate in a good neighbourhood, convenient to various places of worſhip, alſo to mills; the land is good for grain, and the place has plenty of good timber. The terms of ſale will be made known, and an indiſputable title made by § ROBERT LUSK.

Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, Dec. 1, 1784.

WHEREAS, on the 18th of November laſt, a certain John Morris hired a HORSE of the ſubſcriber, to go to Philadelphia for two or three days, but has not yet returned. The horſe is black, a ſnip in his face, about 15 hands high, pretty ſhort cocked, a natural trotter, and riſing five years old. Said Morris is about 5 feet 9 inches high, marked with the ſmall-pox, and had ſhort black hair; it is ſuppoſed he will change his clothes, therefore cannot be deſcribed. Whoever ſecures ſaid man and horſe, ſo that the owner may get his horſe again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for the horſe, with reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by JOHN PHILIPS, in Wilmington, or

§ JONATHAN LUKENS.

Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, Dec. 4, 1784.

Ramſey's Mills, Mount Eminence,

TO BE LETT,

THE above Mills, with the Plantation thereunto belonging, conſiſting of 75 acres, 20 acres whereof is good plow land, 12 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more may be made, the remainder woodland. On ſaid plantation are erected a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, a good cellar under the ſame, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, a ſtone barn, ſtable and cow-houſe, a tan-yard, conſiſting of ten vats, one latch, two limes, one water pool, ſix handlers and two baits, with a good ſtone beam houſe, in which ſtands a good ſtove, a good mill-houſe and bark-houſe, near which is a new pump, a currying-ſhop, with a ſufficient quantity of bark, of the firſt quality, for three years; contiguous to which ſtands a new ſtone houſe ſuitable for a family, a griſt-mill, built of ſtone, three ſtories high, conſiſting of one water-wheel, two pair of ſtones, three bolting-cheſts, and a fan, all which go by water; the inſide works are new, fit for merchant and country work; a ſtone cooper's ſhop, an oil-mill, conſiſting of heavy works, all new, which wrought between ſeven and eight thouſand buſhels of flax-ſeed laſt winter. Said mills ſtand on the ſouth branch of Neſhaminy, and affords a ſufficiency of water for both mills nine months in the year. Any perſon inclining to rent the above premiſes, may be more particularly informed of the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber,

HUGH RAMSEY.

N. B. Said Ramſey continues to give the higheſt price for Flax-ſeed and Hides, as uſual. ‡

To all whom it may Concern.

THIS is to notify all perſons not to take an aſſignment on any bond or bonds I ſigned, payable to Mary Cochran, James Cochran and Jacob Cochran, of Weſt-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, executors to the laſt will and teſtament of Jacob Cochran, late of the ſaid county, deceaſed, as the ſaid executors have not performed their part of agreement, in making me a ſufficient title for land I purchaſed of them, until which performance is compleated, I am determined not to pay the ſaid bonds, or any part thereof, unleſs compelled by due courſe of law.

Dec. 4, 1784. † LEONARD FRASHCORN.

Back Creek, Nov. 30, 1784.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near Back Creek, Cæcil county, Maryland, on Sunday night, the 28th inſt. an Iriſh ſervant man, named CHARLES KEANON, about 20 years of age, five feet two inches high, ſtoops in his walk; had on a half worn felt hat, drab coloured coat, white cotton waiſtcoat, corduroy breeches, grey ribbed yarn ſtockings, half worn ſhoes, with copper buckles in them. The above ſervant has been uſed to the ſeas, and will probably endeavour to get on board ſome veſſel. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and ſecures him any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by § RICHARD FORD.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Darby townſhip, Cheſter county, on the firſt of July laſt, three EWES and three LAMBS; the ewes marked with a crop off each ear, and the lambs with a half penny under the ſide of the off ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

Dec. 6, 1784. † NATHANIEL SMITH.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living near Choptank Bridge, on Sunday night, the 21ſt inſtant, an Iriſh indented ſervant MAN, named JOHN QUIN, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, had on an old hat, a ſnuff coloured old coat, old white ſhirt, and took with him, two country made ditto, old corduroy jacket, a pair of white country cloth breeches, with a pair of country made trowſers over them, a pair of white milled ſtockings and old ſhoes. The above ſervant went off with three others, and was apprehended at Port Penn, and brought on his way back ſeveral miles, and while they were ſecuring the others, he by ſome means made his eſcape, and it is not improbable but he is ſtill in the neighbourhood, as I am informed he was very tired. The above reward and reaſonable charges will be paid to any perſon who will bring him home.

November 27, 1784. ¶ ROBERT DIXON.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in Robinſon townſhip, Berks county, ſome time in rye harveſt, two COWS, one black, with a ſtar in her forehead, and had a bell, faſtened with a linen ſtrap; the other brown, one of her horns bends downwards, and has a ſpotted face. Whoever takes up ſaid cows and ſecures them, ſo as the owner may have them again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward for both, or THREE DOLLARS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOSEPH SILFEWS.

To the FREEMEN of the County of MONTGOMERY.

THE present situation of the seat of justice for the county of Montgomery, as laid down, being so very dissatisfactory to the major part of the inhabitants of said county, and as sundry petitions are now signing to deliver to the House of Assembly, to get the seat of justice removed to some convenient and satisfactory part of the county. In order, therefore, that the House of Assembly may be able to judge from the general sense of the inhabitants, where the most convenient place, is it is hereby requested that the inhabitants of each township in the county of Montgomery will choose three persons to represent them in a meeting of the county, to be held at the house of GEORGE EGERT, in the township of Whitemarsh, on THURSDAY, the 9th of December next, and there, by a majority, shew to the House of Assembly, where the inhabitants would wish the seat of justice removed to. This proceeding cannot fail of being pleasing to the Honorable House of Assembly, as they will then have a full, and by no means a partial sense of the inhabitants.

To be sold by public vendue on Monday, the 20th instant, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, that valuable PLANTATION, lying in Whitemarsh township, Montgomery county, fifteen miles from Philadelphia, at the road leading from Plymouth Meeting to the Crooket Billet, late the estate of John Etris, deceased, in the following described lots, viz.

No. 1. CONTAINING 66¾ acres of land, lying in Whitemarsh aforesaid, with a large stone dwelling-house, a large barn, a good spring and spring-house, several acres of good meadow, and 25 acres of woodland well timbered.

No. 2. 55¼ acres, adjoining No. 1. in Whitpaine township, part of this is good woodland.

No. 3. 56 acres, adjoining No. 1. in Whitemarsh township, with a new stone house, new barn, and about 25 acres of good woodland.

No. 4. 43¾ acres, in Plymouth township, adjoining No. 3. on the township line, 8 acres of good watered meadow, and 20 acres of excellent woodland. All the upland of the above lots is well manured with lime.

No. 5. 7 acres and five perches, adjoining No. 3. in Whitemarsh.

No. 6. 7 acres, adjoining No. 5.

No. 7. 6¾ acres and 35 perches, adjoining the last lot.

No. 8. 6¾ acres and 30 perches, adjoining the last lot.

No. 9. 6¾ acres and 27 perches, adjoining No. 8.

No. 10. 6¾ acres, adjoining No. 9, in Whitemarsh.

No. 11. 6¾ acres and 20 perches, adjoining No. 4, in Plymouth township. On this lot is a lime-kiln and quarry.

The last seven lots are all woodland of the first quality; the whole well watered; the situation is pleasant and healthy.

At the same time will be sold about forty acres of wheat and rye in the ground; a quantity of new gears of different kinds, and some potatoes. The conditions will be made known at the premises on the day of sale. Where attendance will be given by

GEORGE ETRIS, and
JOHN ETRIS, Executors.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against the same, are desired to bring them in, properly attested, in order to be settled by the above executors.

JUST PUBLISHED,

[Price *Thirty-five Shillings*,]

And to be sold by ISAAC COLLINS, at his Printing-Office, in Trenton; and by JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, Printer, Bookseller and Stationer, in Market-street, Philadelphia;

ACTS of the General Assembly of the State of New-Jersey, from the Establishment of the present Government, and Declaration of Independence, to the End of the first Sitting of the eighth Session, on the 24th Day of December, 1783; with the Constitution prefixed.

To which is annexed, an Appendix, containing the Articles of Confederation of the United States, &c. with two Alphabetical Tables and an Index. Compiled under the Appointment of the General Assembly, by PETER WILSON, M. A. ¶

Just Imported for SALE, by

JAMES FORBES,

At Mr. YARD's, Water-street, betwixt Pine and Spruce-streets,

An assortment of the following *Goods*,

SCOTCH ale in bottles, thread, worsted and yarn hose and mitts, mens shoes, linen cloth, printed cotton and linen handkerchiefs, shauls and pieces for gowns, sundry articles of jewellery and hardware, a parcel of books in excellent binding, nails, an assortment of flats and sharps, spades, a few kegs spiced salmon, a few barrels Irish beef.----To be sold by the package.

The goods are stored at Messrs. Gurney and Smith's, on Cuthbert's wharff. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LUSTY stout young NEGROE MAN, about 21 or 22 years of age, has had the small pox and measles, understands making bricks. Enquire of the Printers. †

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE MAN, about 23 years of age, now lying in the Work-house. For terms of sale, apply to Mr. CLEMENT SMITH, Work-house keeper.

N. B. The terms will be made easy. ‡

Wanted, a good FIREMAN,

To work at the White-smith's business;

ONE who understands the London way, or will be conformable to it, will be most agreeable. All sorts of Grates made to burn stone coal; Bells neatly hung; Jacks made and carefuly repaired, and smiths work in general, by C. CECIL, in Front-street, three doors above Market-street. †

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable piece of well-timbered WOOD-LAND, containing about 146 acres, situated about two miles from the sign of the Ship, in East-Caln township, Chester county. For further particulars, enquire of JACOB PARKE, or BENJAMIN POULTNEY, in Market-street, Philadelphia. ¶

Cumberland Goal, November 22, 1784.

WHEREAS the subscriber, now confined in the goal of Cumberland for debt, doth hereby give public NOTICE to his creditors, that he intends to apply to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, to be held in Bridgetown, in the county of Cumberland, in the state of New-Jersey, to have the benefit of the insolvent law. They are therefore requested to appear at the Court-house, in Bridgetown, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of December next, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of his estate should not be made, and he discharged from confinement, pursuant to said law. DANIEL SHAW.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE MERCHANT MILL and FARM, on Brandywine, two miles and a half from Wilmington, the mill-house is of stone, 41 by 34 feet, two pair of mill-stones, one of them French burrs, boulting works, cloths, &c. all in good repair, another water wheel may be added to the same house at a small expence. The farm contains 120 acres, 70 of which are cleared and fertile, 3 acres watered meadow, the remainder well timbered, and the whole under good fence; on the premises are a good two story stone dwelling-house, 30 by 26 feet, three rooms below and four above stairs, a barn 42 by 18 feet, and stables under the whole, a good orchard, &c.

Likewise, a valuable FARM, in New-Castle Hundred, adjoining lands of John Lewden, George Read, Esq; and others, four miles from this borough, two from New-Castle, and one from Newport, containing 175 acres, on which are, a frame dwelling-house, a log barn and stables, orchard, &c. 80 acres under tillage and fertile, 30 acres marsh of the first quality in grass, five upland meadow adjoining the marsh, and five more may be made, at little expence; the upland meadow may be well watered in the driest seasons. The remainder well timbered, and when cleared will be mowable or good grazing ground. One third only of the purchase money will be wanted, the remainder will be made easy on interest, with good security. For further particulars, apply to 6 w. ¶ VINCENT GILPIN.

Wilmington, November 23, 1784.

Easton, Nov. 16, 1784.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Nicholas Fox, in Allen-town, on Monday, the 13th day of December next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following premises, viz. A certain Tract of Land, situate in Upper Milford township, Northampton county, bounded by lands of Andrew Gery, Elias Weaver, Michael Knouse, and others, containing about 57 acres, more or less; late the property of George Shereman, deceased; seized and taken in execution by the late Sheriff.

Also a certain Tract of Land, situate in Maccongie township, bounded by lands of Adam Turney, George Slutterbeck, and others, containing 111 acres, more or less; late the property of William Rishel; seized and taken in execution by the late Sheriff, and to be sold by ‖ PETER EALER, Sheriff.

Easton, Nov. 16, 1784.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Nicholas Fox, in Allen-town, on Tuesday, the 14th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following premises, viz. A certain two story Tenement and Lot of Ground, situate in Allen-town aforesaid, bounded on the east by Allen-street, on the south by a lot of Jacob Bachman, on the west by a 20 feet alley, and on the north by a lot of Peter Nagle, containing 60 feet in front, and in depth 230 feet; late the property of Peter Nagle; seized and taken in execution by the late Sheriff, and to be sold by § PETER EALER, Sheriff.

Easton, Nov. 16, 1784.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Henry Dills, in Mount Bethel township, on Thursday, the 16th of December next, the following premises, viz. A certain Tract of Land, situate in Mount Bethel township aforesaid, bounded by lands of Jacob Emrich, John Smith and Benjamin Goodwin, containing 180 acres more or less, whereof about 70 acres are cleared, with a dwelling-house, barn and stables thereon; late the property of John Mack, deceased.

Also a certain Tract of Land, situate in said township, bounded by the river Delaware, the Blue Mountain, and land of Amos Strettell, containing about 80 acres, more or less; late the property of John Scott. Also a certain Tract of Land, situate in said township, bounded by land of Philip Shuck, Nicholas Fell, James Bowman, and vacant land, containing about 300 acres, more or less, whereof 208 acres are patented, about 30 acres cleared, and 8 acres of meadow, whereon is a good dwelling-house, barn, stables, &c. late the property of Joseph Struckhouse, which premises were seized and taken in execution by the late Sheriff, and to be sold by PETER EALER, Sheriff.

N. B. The vendue to begin at one o'clock in the afternoon. †

Easton, Nov. 16, 1784.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Nazareth Tavern, on Friday, the 17th of December next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, A certain Tract of Land, situate in Plainfield township, bounded by land of Leopold Obitz, Jacob Baller, and others, containing about 30 acres, more or less, whereon is a dwelling-house, barn, stables, &c. and an excellent spring of water; late the property of Adolph Jordey; taken in execution by the late Sheriff, and to be sold by PETER EALER, Sheriff. ‡

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 4th Day of October, 1784, from the subscriber, living on Deer-creek, in Harford county, Maryland, a negroe man, named OLIVER, though commonly called NOL; he is a well set fellow, about 30 Years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, of a good black colour, a high round forehead, middling large ears and mouth, his feet and legs are of the larger size, with a small scar over and across one of his eye-brows (I think his right eye-brow)----He is left-handed. Had on and took with him when he went away, a brown cloth coat with bright-faced buttons, a white jacket, white shirt, and some kind of trowsers, shoes and stockings, with some things in a bundle. He probably will change his name and procure a pass, and endeavour to pass for a freeman. He once before ran away, and was taken in Pennsylvania by the above described scar.

Whoever takes up said fellow, and delivers him to his master, or secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

FREEBORN BROWN.

N. B. It is thought there is a yellowish fellow in company with him, who is also run away, that has been used to the water, and that they may attempt following that profession; and that they will probably make for Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, New-York or New-England. All masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying him or them off. §

TO BE SOLD,

By PUBLIC or PRIVATE SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, adjoining the Delaware, about 2 miles above Coryell's ferry, in Solebury township, Bucks county, containing about 174 acres, more or less, 100 of which are cleared, with a lime quarry, and remarkable good for grain, about 40 acres of which are good low land, with good meadow, buildings, &c. likewise a young thriving orchard, the rest under excellent young timber. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the conditions, by applying to the subscribers on the premises, by whom an indisputable title will be given. § EFFE POWNALL,)
11th month, 22d, 1784. JOHN POWNALL,) Admin.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY smart NEGROE GIRL, about 12 years old, has had the small-pox and measles, and is duly registered according to law. She is very handy, and sold for no fault, but want of employ. For terms enquire of the printers. §

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On the 28th of December next,

A VERY valuable PLANTATION, situate in West Nantmill township, Chester county, whereon is a good dwelling-house, a stream of water running by the door, a good barn and stabling, a good bearing orchard, about 30 acres of excellent meadow, a considerable quantity of which is well watered, the rest good bottom, and a large quantity more may easily be made, a large quantity of excellent corn land, and more may be cleared, the unimproved part is well timbered. Any person inclining to view the premises before the day of sale, may apply to Jeremiah Jarman, living on the same.

Nov. 23, 1784. ‡ DAVID THOMAS.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in Burlington, pleasantly situated, with a view of the river in front, 139 feet on Pearl-street, and 104 feet deep; a piazza back of the house, with a pleasant view of a neat garden. The house is brick, two stories high, four rooms on a floor, large and commodious, a pump in a well of good water under a shed near the kitchen door; the kitchen good, and the whole lately covered, with cellars under all; a stable and chaise-house. Apply to JOHN COX, jun. in Burlington, or JOHN SITGREAVES, in Philadelphia. 2 m.

District of Southwark, November 20, 1784.

STOPPED, supposed to be stolen, a BAG, containing several Loaves of SUGAR. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to

¶ JOHN HIFFERNAN, Constable.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A Valuable PLANTATION, of about 120 acres of exceeding good land, situate in Brandywine Hundred, joining the great road leading from Wilmington to Chester, 6 miles from each place, and bounding on Delaware river, on which is a good two story brick house and kitchen, and a never failing well of exceeding good water, a good barn and stabling, 10 acres of meadow, and about 40 woodland; said plantation commands a beautiful prospect of the river Delaware, and also very convenient for hauling out mud to manure the land.

Any person inclining to purchase the same, may view the premises, and know the Terms, by applying to JOHN BUCKLEY, or ISAAC DUTTON, inn-keeper near the premises.

November 29, 1784. § 5 w.

Doctor *Hill's American* Balsam

IS sold in Philadelphia, by Mr. William Poyntell, at his store, three doors below Market-street, in Second-street, directly opposite the Friend's meeting-house gate; also by Mr. George Reinhold, in Market-street, next door to the Black-Bear; by Mr. Steiner, at the German Printing-office, in Race-street; at Germantown, by Mr. Justus Fox; at Lancaster, by Ludowick Louman, Esq: at New-York, by Mr. Hugh Gaine; and by the subscriber, at his place, in Kingsess. Price Six Shillings and Sixpence a bottle, and by the dozen Six Shillings a bottle.

This balsam is now upwards of twenty years so well known in America, that it is a most effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and asthmas; that it gives great relief in the most painful rheumatism; in cholics, gravel and consumption; that it is a most excellent cure in the whooping-cough, and in most all the disorders and sicknesses of children, and for many other diseases, as may be seen in the printed directions, in English and German, on each bottle. In old diseases of long standing, it will be necessary to continue the use of this healing balsam for a reasonable time, by more than one single bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thousands of people can testify, who have tried other things without success.

Each bottle is sealed up with the representation of a certain plant in a heart, and if any balsam under this name should be sold at any other place not mentioned in my advertisements, the public may be assured it is not Dr. Hill's balsam, but counterfeit, because no other person is able to prepare the genuine balsam for want of the principal ingredients, of which Dr. Hill's American balsam is composed.

§ WILLIAM YOUNG, jun Botanist.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Caroline county, and state of Maryland, on the fifteenth of August last, a Negroe Man, named SHARPER, 25 years old, about 6 feet high, slim made, of a yellow complexion, he has a stoppage or stuttering in his common talk, and when spoke to sharp, cannot speak for some time, he is a brisk lively fellow, understands the farming in this state; is a very good hand at the ax, hoe, crosscut or whip-saw, and is an excellent hand with teams in any kind of draft. His dress is altogether uncertain, and it is probable he will change his name. It is supposed that he has either made for the Jerseys, or was carried to some part of New-England, by a Capt. John Brooks, who left this state just about that time. Any person that will secure the above fellow in any public goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

Nov. 16, 1784. †6w WILLIAM WHITELEY.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, on the 6th day of June last, a Negroe Man, named BILL, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, has a small speck in one of his eyes, his great toes appear as if they had been frost-bitten, as there are scarce any nails on them; he plays on the fiddle and fife, but is not good at either. Had on when he went away, a new wool hat, striped linen coat, half worn shirt, new tow trowsers, old shoes with strings, &c. It is probable he will change his clothes and name. Whoever secures said Negroe, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by Nov. 30. § ADAM GALT.

Naaman's creek, New-Castle county, November 23, 1784.

STOLEN from the subscriber this morning, about 6 o'clock, a brown MARE, squat built, in good order, about 14 hands high, paces well, about 8 years old, and had never been shod before she was stole, no brand nor mark, a switch tail, and the most of her mane hangs on the right side. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, so that the owner may get his mare, and thief be brought to justice, shall receive EIGHT DOLLARS, Reward, or Four Dollars for the mare only, paid by

‡ RICHARD MOORE.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

SUPPLEMENT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE No. 2844.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Delaware state, passed at Dover, on the 30th day of October last, intituled, An act for the relief of Bertles Shee, a languishing prisoner in the goal of Kent county, I, John Clayton, High Sheriff of the said county, shall attend at Dover, on Tuesday, the 14th day of this instant December, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the house of Elizabeth Battell, with three Justices of the Court of Common Pleas for the said county, in order that the said Bertles may then and there deliver up and surrender to me, as by the said act is directed, all his real and personal estate, either in possession, reversion, remainder or in trust, or in or unto which he hath any claim or interest, and likewise convey, assign, transfer and make over to me, for the use of his creditors, all such his estate, interest or claim as aforesaid, in such manner as by me and the majority of such creditors as have commenced suits against the said Bertles, or by such of them as shall think proper to attend, shall be reasonably devised or required; and it is hereby further notified to the creditors of the said Bertles, that if he the said Bertles complies with the terms of the said act, he will by virtue thereof be discharged from his imprisonment.

JOHN CLAYTON, High Sheriff of
Kent county, on Delaware.

Dec. 1, 1784.

Philadelphia, November 12, 1784.

BY virtue of a writ of levari facias to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, at the Coffee-house, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of December next, at 5 o'clock in the evening, a certain messuage or tenement, plantation, tract or piece of land, situate in New Providence township, in the county of Philadelphia, containing 90 acres of land, bounded by lands of Christian Moyer Isaac Norris, and Philip Fossel. On the premises are a good kitchen, stone milk house, a large stone barn, a good orchard, a well of good water at the door, &c. Distant about 4 Miles from where the new county-town of Montgomery is to be built, 2 from the river Schuylkill, and 20 from the city of Philadelphia; the situation is healthy and pleasant, in a good neighbourhood; the land is good and very valuable; late the property of John Mitchell, and to be sold by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

BROKE into the inclosure of the subscriber, in Providence township, Montgomery county, the latter end of August last, TWO COWS, one of them black and white, with a bell, the other red, with a white face. The owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

November, 19, 1784. ¶ THOMAS REES.

Easton, November 9, 1784.

COMMITTED to the goal of Northampton County, on the 4th instant, a certain ROBERT CHAMBERS, who acknowledges himself, to be an apprentice to a certain Nathaniel Hill, in Frankford, near Philadelphia, Shoemaker. His master is requested to come, prove property, and take him away, on paying the charges, within five weeks from this date, otherwise he will be discharged on paying his fees.

¶ FREDERICK BARTHOL, Goaler.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, two Irish Servant Men lately come into the country; one JOHN OWENS, a labourer, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a little pock-marked, large face, large grey eyes, strong and well made, light short hair, freckled and sandy complexion, and has a large wart on the right side of his neck, just joining the top of his shoulder, under the collar of his shirt. Took with him, a long blue coat a little mixed with white, with broad white metal buttons, a red jacket, blue cloth trowsers and corduroy breeches, broken in the fork, grey worsted and black yarn stockings, bad shoes and odd buckles, about 23 years of age.

The other PATRICK BOWEN, about 5 feet 5 inches high, round full faced, dark hair pretty short, round shouldered, well made, lively in his manner, has a down look, about 20 years of age, and has the mark of a very bad cut of a scythe upon one of his legs, I think it is the left leg; he is a weaver, but has been employed at a furnace in casting. Took with him, a long blue coat with yellow metal buttons, a red cloth and white corded dimity jacket, buckskin and corduroy breeches, grey worsted and mixed yarn stockings, good shoes and brass buckles. Each of them has several white linen shirts, and speaks much in the north of Ireland manner. FIVE POUNDS for either, and the above reward for both, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by § 5 w JACOB LEMMON.

Baltimore county, Oct. 26, 1784.

A large and general ASSORTMENT of

MERCHANDIZE,

Imported in the last vessels from London and Amsterdam, to be sold by the Package or single piece, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-street, mid-way between Market and Arch-streets,

SUPERFINE, super and coarse broadcloths; yard wide plains; red, yellow and white flannels; swanskins and ermine; mixed naps; blue, red, brown and mixed coatings; superfine beaver ditto; mens, womens and childrens worsted and cotton hose; printed and plain velverets; corduroys and thicksets; corded dimities; Marseilles quilting; diapers, bedticks and brown buckrams; Russia sheetings; English and German checks; cambricks and lawns; callicoes and chintzes; muslins; Dutch printed and fine lawn handkerchiefs; bandanoe and other silk ditto; Persians and sarsnets; camblets, callimancoes, durants and shalloons; Irish linens; Brabant linens; platillas and rowans; mens castor, beaver and felt hats; mens and womens gloves and mitts; mens leather shoes; cutlery, ironmongery, plated ware, &c. tin plates in boxes, iron wire; drop and mould shot; writing paper, and a variety of other articles. c 5 w

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WHEREAS I, the subscriber, having purchased a certain TRACT of LAND, of CHARLES WALTERS, junior, of Maurice's river, in the county of Cumberland, West New-Jersey, and the said Charles Walters did obtain a bond from me, for the sum of Four hundred and sixty four or five pounds, dated April 5, 1784, and since finding that there was a certain contract between him and his father, which he has not fulfilled, therefore the property of said bond belongs to said Charles's father; also a part of said bond is paid, and he refuses to give a receipt on the bond, I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on the said bond or obligation, as I am determined not to pay it to any person.

November 15, 1784. ¶ ELI BUDD.

JUST ARRIVED,

A choice Parcel of RUSSIA SHEETING,

imported immediately from Petersburgh, and to be SOLD on the most reasonable Terms, by

ISAAC PARRISH,

In Second-street, nearly opposite the Church. ‖

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor GEORGE WEED, are once more desired to make immediate Payment, or they may depend on being sued in six Weeks from the Date hereof.

Nov. 8, 1784. ¶ ELIJAH WEED, Administrat.

Cumberland county, West-Jersey, Oct. 25.

WHEREAS ANN, the wife of the subscriber, hath, on the 20th instant, eloped from my bed and board, and still refuses to return to her duty, though often solicited; these are therefore to forewarn any person or persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from this date; all persons are forbid harbouring her, as they may depend on the most rigorous prosecution of the law.

§ OBED HUDSON.

Cumberland County, West Jersey, Nov. 8, 1784.

THE subscriber observing herself in the last week's Gazette advertised by her husband Obed Hudson, is under the necessity of taking the same method, however disagreeable, in order that an impartial public may be acquainted with the grounds of that separation, whereof he appears to complain, and thereby be induced, not to entertain any unfavorable impressions of a truly unfortunate woman. Suffice it then to say, that nothing but the most cruel treatment and abuse, with blows, and threatening to set fire to the house, having first of all confined me and our children in one of the rooms, would have forced me to have quitted him; since which, for my own personal safety, I have been obliged to swear the peace against him, and he has been compelled by authority to give bonds, with sufficient security for his good behaviour towards me, and his neighbours, many of whom he has threatened upon my account. Since I parted with him at first, owing to his fair promises, I returned to him, but his promises being soon forgot and broken, I was obliged to leave him again His own conscience, in those very few cool moments that he enjoys, must assure him this is a candid representation of the matter, and that much more might be said if it was not trespassing on the patience of the public; as to his forbidding any persons "harbouring me" as he stiles it, this is out of his power to prevent, as many of my relations, and other friends, manifest the most humane dispositions towards me in my distress, and rather than that I should expose my life under his roof again, are very willing to abide by what he calls "the most rigorous prosecution of the law." Notwithstanding which I declare myself perfectly inclined to return to him, as soon as ever he gives convincing proofs that he is really an altered man.

¶ ANN HUDSON.

JUST COME TO HAND,

MAREDANT'S *Antiscorbutic Drops.*

AS a proof of the superior efficacy of MAREDANT'S Drops (prepared by Mr. NORTON, Surgeon, of Golden-square, London, to any medicine hitherto known, for the cure of the Scurvy, Leprosy, Ulcers, the Evil, Fistula, Piles, long continued Inflammation of the Eyes, and every other disorder arising from a foulness of the blood, the following extraordinary cures are referred to: Mr. HENRY TRENCHARD GOODENOUGH, Steward of the Magdalen Hospital, cured of an inveterate scurvy of 22 years standing.

MARY COPSON, of Brompton, cured of a scorbutic humour on the head and face, attended with a violent hoarseness and shortness of breath. Witness, Mr. Otton, coal-merchant, in Whitcomb-street, near Leicester-fields.

Mr. JOHN FOSTER, at the Rose, at Welling in Kent, cured of a leprosy, attended with violent rheumatick pains.

Mrs. MARY LUTE, at Mr. Field's, in Castle-street, Leicester-fields, cured of the evil, or schrophula: Her bones were greatly enlarged, and several pieces separated and came away. Witness, Thomas Field, Castle-street, and Henry Hyde, butcher, in St. James's market.

To Mr. NORTON, Surgeon, in Golden-Square.

SIR,

ABOUT two years and an half ago, I was seized with a violent hoarseness and shortness of breath. I sent for a physician, who ordered me to be bled; I also took a great many medicinies, but grew worse instead of better. My head ached so violently, that it prevented me from getting any rest; my face and head broke out in large blotches, which spread so much that I was in daily fear of losing my eye-sight. The humour which discharged from my face was so very offensive, that I could hardly bear it myself; but by the use of your Maredant's Drops, am effectually cured. Any person doubting of this, may be convinced of the truth, by calling on Mrs. Copson, at Brompton, or by enquiring of Mr. Otton, coal-merchant, in Whitcomb-street, near Leicester-fields. I am, with great respect, Sir, your most humble servant, MARY COPSON

To Mr. NORTON, Surgeon, Golden-Square.

AFTER having been afflicted with a most violent scorbutic humour, of thirteen years standing, which rendered me incapable of business, I have the satisfaction to inform you, I am now perfectly cured by the use of your Maredant's Drops. You have my leave to publish this, hoping it may be the means of procuring benefit to others afflicted as I was. I am, Sir, your humble servant, GEORGE LANGDON, No. 57, the

July 19, 1775. north side of St. Paul's church-yard.

Witnesses to the above cure, Francis Litey, No. 3, Pinch-lane, Cornhill; Sarah Rand, trunkmaker, No. 57, St. Paul's church-yard.

Those DROPS are now to be had of

WILLIAM WOODHOUSE,

At his STATIONAY and BOOK-STORE, in Front-street, next door to the Coffee-House, Philad. where may be had,

Dr. RYAN's incomparable, worm-destroying SUGAR-PLUMBS, with proper directions for either young or old; they are absolutely necessary to be kept in all families; price 7/6 per box: Many thousands have been cured by these Plumbs in this country and in Europe; they are of known efficacy in the cure of agues, whooping or chin cough.

Also may be had, Dr. Anderson's SCOTCH PILLS; and likewise the celebrated Dr. Keyser's famous PILLS, so well known all over Europe and in this city and the neighbouring states, for their superior efficacy and mildness, in perfectly eradicating every degree of a certain disease, without the least trouble of confinement; also the rheumatism cured by these famous Pills; which are now selling for 10s. per box, with ample directions for taking them.

Samuel & Edward Garrigues,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, in Third-street, the north-west corner of Story-street, and directly opposite Elm street, Philadelphia,

OLD London particular Madeira Wine, by the pipe, quarter cask or gallon; genuine old Port, Lisbon, Sherry, Teneriffe and Fayal Wines, by the pipe, quarter cask or gallon; Coniac Brandy, of a superior quality; choice old Antigua Rum, by the hogshead or gallon; Jamaica, ditto, ditto; Geneva in cases; Bohea Tea; Coffee in bags; Loaf and Muscovado Sugars; a few casks of Sicily currants, &c. &c.

As they intend keeping a constant supply of articles in their line of business, they respectfully solicit the friendly attention of the Public. ¶ Nov. 3.

West-Fallowfield, Chester county, Oct. 11, 1784.

CAME to plantation of the subscriber the 27th of May last, a small sorrel chesnut HORSE, about 7 years old. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away in five weeks, or he will be sold for charges.

§ ROBERT HAMILL.

A BOOK, necessary for all Families.

Just published, and now selling by JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, in Market-street, JAMES MUIR, Bookbinder, Philadelphia; also by ROBERT HODGE, in New-York, and by all the Booksellers in America,

BUCHAN'S Family Physician, *or* DOMESTIC MEDICINE;

BEING a treatise on the prevention and cure of diseases, by regimen and simple medicines; with a Dispensatory and complete Index, for the use of families.

N. B. This new edition contains great additions and improvements, by its original author, the celebrated Dr. BUCHAN, therefore the utility, necessity and advantage of possessing this extraordinary treasure of health, must be very evident to all who are willing to be their own or their family physician. ctf

*** Great allowance to those who buy dozens.

BOULTING CLOTHS,

A LARGE and general assortment, lately imported, of superfines, fine, middling and coarse, suitable for boulting every kind of meal, are for sale by the subscribers, at their store on Stamper's wharff, next below the Draw-bridge, or in Spruce-street, near the corner of Third-street. Millers and others may be supplied with Boulting Cloths, the best in quality; and, if required, may have proper directions for affixing them on reels, and using them to the greatest advantage. Those who buy in quantities will have a reasonable allowance made to them.

Quarry Stone & White-Oak Timber.

They have also for sale, a quantity of good Quarry Stone and a parcel of White-Oak Timber, hewed to different sizes and lengths, on navigable water, near Bordentown, New-Jersey, from whence the stone may be carried in flats, and the timber floated in rafts at a small expence.

They have likewise MILLSTONES of different sorts, one sett of saw-mill irons, and grist-mill irons of several kinds, to dispose of on reasonable terms. Apply to NATHANIEL LEWIS, at Mount-Holly, or as above, to ROBERT LEWIS, and Sons.

Philadelphia, October 26. 1784. § 3 m.

To be Sold by the Subscriber,

THE PLANTATION on which he now lives, situate on the top of Chesnut-hill, ten miles from the city, in the fork of the two main roads leading to Reading and Bethlehem, on which is erected a large stone house two stories high, containing eight rooms, with a good kitchen adjoining, two good cellars, a pump of excellent water before the door that never fails in the driest season, a large commodious stone barn and stabling sufficient for fifty horses, and a stone shed or carriage-house; likewise a large garden with a stone wall, containing a variety of fruit trees, a good orchard and a number of fine thriving cherry-trees; ten acres of woodland, and the remainder good plow-land, twelve acres of which is in wheat, the whole in good repair and under chesnut post and rail fence, containing 26 acres. The above situation is equal to any in the county for public business, having formerly been an accustomed store and tavern; it is also an agreeable situation for a gentleman's seat, being a high healthy place, commanding a view of the country for many miles round, and a great part of the marketing going to the city passes the door. Likewise to be sold, the following valuable tracts of patented land, situated in the state of Virginia, viz.

No. 1. Containing 343 acres, situated in Frederick county, near the river Patowmack.

No. 2. Containing 398 acres, on Cabbin Run, a branch of Patterson's Creek, in the county of Hampshire, known by the name of the Elbow Meadows.

No. 3. Containing 100 acres, on the waters of Patterson's Creek, in the county aforesaid, and known by the name of the Walnut Spring.

No. 4. Containing 200 acres, in the aforesaid county, on Patterson's Creek.

No. 5. Containing 350 acres, on Mill Creek, a valuable stream, a part of which runs through the same, in the county aforesaid.

No. 6. Containing 403 acres, on Patterson's Creek. And

No. 7. Containing 386 acres and an half, on the above creek, in said county.

The whole of the above titles are clear and indisputable. For terms of sale, apply to

¶ MATTHIAS BUSH.

A PLANTATION

To be SOLD, on the premises, by the subscriber, at public Vendue, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of December next, in London-Britain township, Chester county,

SITUATE on the main road leading from Wilmington to Lancaster, 15 miles from Wilmington, 8 miles from Christiana bridge, and 10 from the Head of Elk; convenient to mills and houses of worship; containing 120 acres and allowance for roads, about 90 acres of which are cleared; a good square log house, orchard, meadows, &c. The title indisputable, Possession to be given on the 25th day of March next. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, and made easy to the purchaser. If any person inclining to purchase, will please to call at my house, I will shew the premises, which are one mile distant from my dwelling.

Nov. 6, 1784. ‡ 5 w THOMAS LUNN.

For FREIGHT,

The Brigantine MARY,
DANIEL TELLET, MASTER,

AN English bottom, just arrived from Liverpool, and will be ready to take in the 30th instant. For terms, apply to ELLISTON and JOHN PEROT, or the Captain on board, at the Old Ferry wharff, where may be had, salt, coal, queens ware, &c.

Elliston and John Perot have also for sale, at their store, rum, taffia, Muscovado sugar, Madeira wine, china, glass-ware, hardware and cutlery, hyson tea, broadcloths, sail canvas, ravens duck, and sundry other articles of dry goods. Nov. 23.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the 12th instant (November)

A LARGE convenient two story stone HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, plaistered garrets, a good well of water at the door, in a good stand for a store, good stabling, a large garden walk, and fruit trees, with 16 acres of pasture ground, in convenient lots, all under good fence, situated on the Lancaster road, adjoining the Middle-Ferry bridge, two miles from the Court-House. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH OGDEN at said Ferry, or WILLIAM BISPHAM, on Marshall's road, above the two mile stone. ¶

TAKEN up on the 29th of October last, a middle sized dark brown COW, with fine strong brilliant horns, four white feet, part of her tail white, a small white scar on the near side of her face, the hair on her back and neck lighter than the rest of her coat. The owner, by applying to ISAAC LORT, Cryer, in Cherry-street, near the Lutheran Church, proving property and paying charges, may have her again. Nov. 9. ¶

PURSUANT to the several acts of General Assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, WE, the subscribers, Commissioners of taxes in and for the county of Northampton, in pursuance of the said acts, do give this public NOTICE to all owners of lands and other real estates in said county, to pay the taxes hereafter mentioned to the Treasurer of the county aforesaid, at Easton: But if they, or some person in their behalf, do not appear and discharge the same, with all costs and charges, within three months from the date hereof, they will be sold, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to pay the several taxes and costs, agreeable to law.

HENRY LAWALL,
PETER TREXLER,
ABRAHAM LABAR.

Northampton county, September 22, 1784.

Owners names.	Acres.	Valuation £.	Funding tax for the year 1782. State. £. s. d.	Supplies for the year 1782. Specie. £. s. d.	Supplies for the year 1783. Specie. £. s. d.
Mount-Bethel township.					
Conrad Ihrie, jun.	45	22	0 1 10	0 6 8	0 3 4
John Clowse	100	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
David Owen	100	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
John Lowry,	80	40	0 3 4	0 13 4	0 6 8
Stephen & Joseph Shewell	300	150	0 12 6	2 10 0	1 5 0
George Taylor, deceased	200	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Robert Levers	200	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Amos Strettel	391	195	0 16 3	3 5 0	1 12 6
Alexander Brown	230	115	0 9 7	1 18 4	0 19 2
Lewis Gordon	100	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Alexander M'Illroy	172	85	0 7 1	1 8 4	0 14 2
Williams township.					
William Allen, deceased	100	60	0 5 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
Allen township.					
Sarah Wister	455	300	1 5 0	5 0 0	2 10 0
Heidleberg township.					
Samuel Roth	59	20	0 1 8	0 6 8	0 3 4
William Kern	101	37	0 3 1	0 12 4	0 6 2
Peter Steckel	50	20	0 1 8	0 6 8	0 3 4
Philip Roth	18	9	0 0 9	0 3 0	0 1 6
Jacob Kretchman	27	14	0 1 2	0 4 8	0 2 4
Bethlehem township.					
Sarah Wister	407	300	1 5 0	5 0 0	2 10 0
William Bingham	500	350	1 9 2	5 16 8	2 18 4
Salisbury township.					
Isaac Greenleafe	187	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Conrad Ihrie, junr.	13	7	0 0 7	0 2 4	0 1 2
Forks township.					
Thomas Potts	12	6	0 0 6	0 2 0	0 1 0
Jacob Wygand	38	19	0 1 7	0 6 4	0 3 2
Penn township.					
Jacob Treiblebees	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Philip Mosser	29	10	0 0 10	0 3 4	0 1 8
Burghard Mosser	38	13	0 1 1	0 4 4	0 2 2
Martin Swab	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Peter Shull	70	22	0 1 10	0 6 8	0 3 4
Jacob Mase	400	130	0 10 10	2 3 4	1 1 8
Peter Keiser	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
Thomas Pervin	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
Valentine Brobst	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Henry Reaselderffer	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Arnold Billig	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
John Delong	280	95	0 7 11	1 10 8	0 15 10
William Green	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
George Shellhammer	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
John Nyer	50	16	0 1 4	0 5 4	0 2 8
Conrad Ihrie, jun.	90	30	0 2 6	0 10 0	0 5 0
William Logan	310	102	0 8 6	1 14 0	0 17 0
William Buckman	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
James Bartley	176	55	0 4 7	0 18 4	0 9 2
Nicholas Frantz	223	72	0 6 0	1 4 0	0 12 0
George Shlicher	400	130	0 10 10	2 3 4	1 1 8
John Ritter	204	66	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
Abel James	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Towamensing township.					
Nicholas Seager	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
Christian Hoffman	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Ulrich Showalter	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Mark Thompson	5	15	0 1 3	0 5 0	0 2 6
Hugh Hughs	5	15	0 1 3	0 5 0	0 2 6
Plainfield township.					
John Hutchinson	70	23	0 1 11	0 7 8	0 3 10
Widow Shleidhorn	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Jacob Stroud	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Michael Lawall	15	5	0 0 5	0 1 8	0 0 10
Peter Seip	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
John Young	50	17	0 1 5	0 5 8	0 2 10
John Biddle	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
John George Buhn	270	90	0 7 6	1 10 0	0 15 0
Frederick Hubler	25	8	0 0 8	0 2 8	0 1 4
Widow Wyland	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6

Owners names.	Acres.	Valuation £.	Funding tax for the year 1782. State. £. s. d.	Supplies for the year 1782. Specie. £. s. d.	Supplies for the year 1783. Specie. £. s. d.
Plainfield township continued.					
Christian Fry	40	13	0 1 1	0 4 4	0 2 2
John Okely	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
Godlieb Hubler	25	8	0 0 8	0 2 8	0 1 4
Cornelius Wygand	50	17	0 1 5	0 5 8	0 2 10
Andrew Stocker	25	8	0 0 8	0 2 8	0 1 4
James Kelly	50	17	0 1 5	0 5 8	0 2 10
Hamilton township.					
Richard Peters	3000	1000	4 3 4	16 13 4	8 6 8
Lyndford Lardner	387	125	0 10 5	2 1 8	1 0 10
Chesnut-Hill township.					
Peter Dehaven	78	26	0 2 2	0 8 8	0 4 4
Abel James	325	108	0 9 0	1 16 0	0 18 0
Joft Erd	95	31	0 2 7	0 10 4	0 5 2
Joseph Biddle	600	200	0 16 8	3 6 8	1 13 4
John Lardner	1000	333	1 7 9	5 11 0	2 15 6
Joseph Rawling	250	80	0 6 8	1 6 8	0 13 4
Samuel Rawling	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
George Palmer	400	130	0 10 10	2 3 4	1 1 8
Richard Peters	700	230	0 19 2	3 16 8	1 18 4
William Paul	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Thomas James	235	75	0 6 3	1 5 0	0 12 6
Jacob Weiss	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Edward Sheimer	136	45	0 3 9	0 15 0	0 7 6
Richard Wistar	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Benjamin Thompkins	500	165	0 13 9	2 15 0	1 7 6
Matthias Bush	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Nathaniel Seidle	240	80	0 6 8	1 6 8	0 13 4
Andrew Deemer	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Lower-Smithfield township.					
Abel James	650	216	0 18 0	3 12 0	1 16 0
Richard Peters	833	271	1 3 7	4 14 4	2 7 2
Lewis Gordon	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
William Logan	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
John Okely	170	53	0 4 5	0 17 8	0 8 10
Robert Levers	900	300	1 5 0	5 0 0	2 10 0
Charles Moore	150	50	0 4 2	0 16 8	0 8 4
Abraham Van Campen	50	18	0 1 6	0 6 0	0 3 0
Paul Kerber	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
James Morgan	533	175	0 14 7	2 18 4	1 9 2
Joseph Morris	280	95	0 7 11	1 11 8	0 15 10
Ditto	1500	500	2 1 8	8 6 8	4 3 4
Richard Backhouse	50	18	0 1 6	0 6 0	0 3 0
Daniel Broadhead, jun.	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
William Smith and Co.	1340	450	1 17 6	7 10 0	3 15 0
Christoph. Baker for Martin Kreider's estate	350	118	0 9 10	1 19 4	0 19 8
Lawrence Herbert	290	98	0 8 2	1 12 8	0 16 4
Jacob Shallus	520	170	0 14 2	2 16 8	1 8 4
John Pinkerton	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Thomas Shields	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
John Bayard	200	65	0 5 5	1 1 8	0 10 10
George Henry	400	133	0 10 7	2 2 4	1 1 2
Edward Evans	1000	333	1 7 9	5 11 0	2 15 6
Samuel Meredith	5870	1956	8 4 10	32 19 4	16 9 8
Samuel Powell	3266	1125	4 13 4	18 15 0	9 7 6
Robert Morris	4442	1480	6 3 4	24 13 4	12 6 8
James Wilson	8270	2756	13 10 6	54 2 0	27 1 0
Levi Hollingsworth	1000	333	1 7 9	5 11 0	2 15 6
William Bingham	270	90	0 7 6	1 10 0	0 15 0
Adolph Gillman	301	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Martin Gillman	301	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Robert Levers	168	56	0 5 6	1 2 0	0 11 0
Thomas Bashall	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Richard Rundle	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Thomas Beans	112	37	0 3 1	0 12 4	0 6 2
Michael Hillegas	100	33	0 2 9	0 11 0	0 5 6
Robert Strettle Jones	1000	333	1 7 9	5 11 0	2 15 6
Lewis Kreider	300	100	0 8 4	1 13 4	0 16 8
Edward Millner	1237	412	1 14 4	6 17 4	3 8 8
Peter Hay	250	83	0 6 11	1 7 8	0 13 10
Matthias Irvine	230	78	0 6 6	1 6 0	0 13 0

FOR SALE,

A LOT of LAND, situate in Pittsgrove, in the county of Salem, and state of New-Jersey, on the stage road from Cooper's Ferry to Bridge-Town, in Cumberland, and about 28 miles from said Ferry, containing six acres. There are on the premises, a good frame tenement and other necessary buildings, a good well of water near the door, a young apple orchard, with sundry other fruit trees. The situation is convenient for public or mechanical business, the subscriber keeping now a store thereon. Also between four and five acres of good Woodland lying contiguous thereto. For farther particulars, apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. JOHN SHARP.

November 15, 1784. ¶

N. B. Part goods will be taken in payment.

WAS taken up by the subscriber adrift, in Christiana creek, near Newport, New-Castle county, a Small BOAT, with a white bottom, and gunwale painted red, fixed for six oars. Any person claiming the said boat, is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away before the 30th of November next, or otherwise she will be sold, by

Oct. 20, 1784. § JUSTA WALRAVEN.

To be Sold at private Sale,

Any time between this and the first of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION of limestone land, situate in the Great-Valley, Sadsbury township, Chester county, containing 350 acres, 200 thereof cleared, with 25 acres of watered meadow, of the best quality, the remainder well timbered, a limestone quarrey, and kiln ready built, part of the land limed, two bearing orchards, two dwelling-houses, one of them stone the other logs, two good barns, one of them new, with stone stabling under the whole, a large cow-house that will contain 22 head of cattle, with a large loft for hay, also a good stone shed, with other stabling, that will contain 20 horses with ease, a good stone spring house over a never-failing spring; the place is in excellent order, and chiefly fenced with new chesnut rails; there was formerly a public house kept at the place, and is an excellent stand for that business, as the Gap, Peach-Bottom and Limestone roads all intersect on said place, being 45 miles from Philadelphia and 21 from Lancaster; the land is patented, and an indisputable title will be given; the payments will be made as easy as possible. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the place and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

Nov. 20. ¶ JAMES M'CLELLAN.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY last night from the subscriber, living in Lower Merion township, a Servant Lad, named AUGUSTIN KELLEY, about 16 or 17 years of age, well built, with black hair, swarthy complexion. Had on when he went away, a short brown coat made of coating, with breeches of the same, a coarse dimity vest, oznabrigs shirt, a wool hat, ribbed white yarn stockings, strong shoes, with square brass buckles in them. Whoever takes up said servant and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

Nov. 20. § SILAS JONES.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

November 20, 1784.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Upper Dublin township, Montgomery county, on the 24th of October last, a bay GELDING, with some white on the off hind foot, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, has lately had the distemper. The owner of the above described colt is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away in five weeks from this date, otherwise he will be sold to pay the cost.

¶ HENRY FISHER.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

EITHER as Clerk, Store-keeper or Tutor, in a genteel House, a young MAN that can be well recommended, knows the English, French, Dutch, Flemish, Latin, &c. &c. and would have no Objection to either Town or Country. Enquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

THE valuable MILLS in Allen-town, in Upper Freehold, Monmouth county, state of New-Jersey, containing one pair French burrs, one pair country stones, two reels in the merchant box, one country cloth, and one cloth for Indian meal, all in good repair; she grinds 20,000 bushels country work per year, and 10,000 bushels merchant work; likewise there is a good kiln for drying Indian corn for shipping; and there are 42 acres of land, 14 acres of meadow of the best kind, and 7 acres of woodland; there are two dwelling-houses on the same, together with a barn 40 feet by 30, and a brick spring-house, with a pump at the house door, of excellent water, and 20 bearing apple trees. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the terms, by applying to the owner, living on the premises.

Nov. 10, 1784. ¶ PETER IMLAY.

Gloucester County, Nov. 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of Henry Woodward, an insolvent debtor, confined in the goal at Gloucester, in the county of Gloucester, and state of New-Jersey, that they be and appear before two or more of the Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of the said county, on Monday, the 13th day of December next, at the house of William Hugg, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of the said insolvent's estate should not be made, and he be discharged from his confinement, pursuant to an act of General Assembly in such case made and provided. ¶ HENRY WOODWARD.

TO BE SOLD,

NINE thousand acres of LAND, situate on the river Lachawaxen, and about ten miles from Delaware river. On this tract there is a very great quantity of white and yellow pines of every size from an 80 feet mast to the size of a spar; it is accommodated with four mill seats, on which saw-mills may be erected to great advantage, and from which large rafts of boards and masts may be sent down the Lachawaxen and Delaware to Philadelphia in four or five days. Enquire of MICHAEL HILLEGAS, REUBEN HAINES, or RICHARD WELLS, merchant, in Front-street. ¶

GRAND LODGE.

THE annual COMMUNICATION of the Grand Lodge of *Pennsylvania* will meet at their Room, in Lodge-Alley, on MONDAY, the 20th of *December* next, at Ten o'Clock, A. M. There being some Business of Importance to be laid before the Brethren, it is earnestly requested that the Officers of the several Lodges under this Jurisdiction will punctually attend.

By Order of the R. W. Grand Master,
JOSEPH HOWELL, jun. G. Secretary.

Philadelphia, November 16, 1784.

St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County.

This is to notify whom it may Concern.

WHEREAS a certain Daniel Cooper, under pretext of having sold a quantity of goods at a cheap rate, to one Jacob Deer, then keeping a store at the Subscriber's house, in St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County, on or about the 1st of September last, obtained a bond from the said Jacob Deer, with the subscriber as his security, for the payment of Ninety-five pounds about the 1st of December next, to which one Shott and a Frederick Myre were witnesses, since which the said Jacob Deer hath absconded, and the subscriber is apprehensive that the said bond was taken through collusion between Cooper and Deer. This is therefore to forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of the said bond, as the subscriber will contest the payment thereof, on behalf of the creditors of the said Jacob Deer.

¶ WILLIAM WEIR,

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of ground and brick messuage and kitchen thereon erected, situate at the north-west corner of Coombs's-alley and Chancery-lane, containing in front on Coombs's-alley 16 feet 8 inches, and on Chancery-lane 52 feet; subject to a ground-rent of 33/4 currency per annum.

Also a Lot of Ground, situate in Kensington, joining lots of Baker and Spencer, containing in front on Queen-street 100 feet, and extending to the river Delaware, crossing King-street, which affords the lot three fronts.

Also a Tract of Land, containing 54 acres (or any quantity not exceeding 100 acres) 6 or 7 of which is excellent meadow, and a quantity of woodland, situate in Oxford township, near the 8 mile stone between it and the river Delaware, and a small distance from the Bristol road, pleasantly situated for a country seat or a person wishing to attend this market. There is on this place a small dwelling-house, barn, a well of good water near the house, and an orchard of excellent fruit. Enquire of

BRYAN WILKINSON, or JAMES ASH.

To be SOLD, at Public Vendue,

On Wednesday, the 15th day of December next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, lying and being in Kent county, and State of Maryland, on Chester river, late the property of William St. Clair, deceased. This plantation contains about 500 acres of good arable land, well adapted to the produce of wheat, Indian corn and tobacco, and affords a plenty of blue grass and clover; it is bounded on the south by Chester river, and on the west by Prickle Pear creek. On the premises are all kinds of buildings necessary for a farm, an excellent herring and shad fishery, an orchard of 250 apple trees, and a number of cherry, damascene and other fruit trees. The farm is about 12 miles distant from Chester Town, 5 from the Head of Chester, and 7 from George Town, and in the vicinity are several good merchant and country mills. The terms and conditions of sale will be made known on the day of sale.

Chester Town, November 6, 1784. 4 w.

PERE: LETHERBURY.
RISDON BISHOP.

TO BE SOLD,

FIFTEEN Lots of LAND, on the west side of the Wissahickon road, adjoining lands belonging to David Evans, John Pemberton, William Hamilton and others, a little more than a mile from the Court-house, and very near the north bounds of the city: Several of the lots are peculiarly adapted for pasture and mowing ground, having running water and springs in them, and others have a delightful prospect of the city of Philadelphia and its suburbs.

Also seventeen LOTS on the south side of South or Cedar-street, and on the east of Samuel Powell's land.

Likewise three Lots of Meadow GROUND, about three and an half acres each, on the road to Gloucester Point, about half a mile from the upland.

For terms of sale, apply to Henry Drinker, Joseph Swift, John Field or Cadwallader Evans, Trustees to the estate of Abel James, where plans may be seen, as also at the Coffee-House, and at the store of Abel James and Sons, in Front-street, near Market-street. tbctf

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Philadelphia, November 22, 1784.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of TIMOTHY M'AULEY, deceased, late of Philadelphia, but formerly of Evesham, New-Jersey, by bond, note, book debt, or otherwise, are requested to pay the same to the subscribers. And all those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, to

‡ TIMOTHY CARREL, } Administrators.
JOHN MULLOWNY, }